THE CHELSEA HERALD.

A. ALLISON. Editor and Proprietor.

"Of the People and for the People."

Single Copies 5 Cents.

VOLUME 26.

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CHELSEA, MICH., THURSDAY, AUG. 12, 1897.

NUMBER 51.

Shirt Waist Sale!

Bargains Not Duplicated Anywhere.

All New, Nobby, Stylish Waists, made up by a large manufacturer for late summer trade.

The demand was over estimated, consequently the goods have A few exceptionally high yields are nobeen shipped on consignment to many retail merchants, with instructions ted, but these at the most indicate no to make prices that will sell them. We have 35 dozen and don't intend more than that a good crop has been harto send one waist back if any kind of a price will sell it.

A more complete assortment was never shown in Chelsea. We are now selling shirt waists at from 25 to 39 cents, worth from 50 to 75 cents.

Shirt waists at from 50 to 75 cents. Retailed everywhere at from bushals, average per sere, 18.51 bushels. 85 cents to \$1.25.

The regular \$1.50 and \$2.00 waists we will close out at from 85 cents to \$1.25.

Come early, and select while the assortment is complete.

W. P. SCHENK & COMPANY.

WE SELL-

The best wagon made, at very low prices.

Also Buggies, Road Wagons and Surreys at greatly reduced prices. bushels as compared with 9,250,104 bush-

4 genuine Gale plow points for \$1.00.

W. J. KNAPP.

Canned Goods

For campers and picnic parties. A complete line always on hand.

Sweet Goods.

We carry a very choice line. Prices right.

Confectionery.

We carry one of the finest lines in town. Give us a trial order. Remember we carry a line of choice groceries.

GEO. FULLER.

Good Things to Eat At Eppler's Market.

Home-grown Meats and Poultry.

We are always supplied with Hams and Bacon for which our market is famous. They are cured by our own process and have no superior. Pure steam kettle rendered lard a specialty. Try our Summer Sausage. Orders promptly filled and delivered.

ADAM EPPLER.

Highest market price paid for hides and tallow.

BAUMGARDNER, MHOP

Designer and Builder of

* Artistic () Granite () Memorials.

Office, 6 Detroit St., Ann Aibor, Mich.

Established 1868.

We keep on hand large quantities of all the various granites in the Original Designs. Correspondence Solicited. Electric Works 6, 8, 10 Detroit St., and 17-19 5th Ave. Dock and Derrick 2-8 Miller Aye.

Michigan Crop Report.

An average yield of wheat per acre, as estimated by correspondents this month, is for the state 18.81 bushels; southern counties, 14.85 bustels; central counties, 11,18 bushels, and northern counties, 18.05 bushels. Compared with the estimate of July 1 there is an increase in the State and southern counties of about one and onehalf bushels, in the central of 0.88, and in the northern 0,65 bushals.

Comparatively little threshing had been done when the reports were forwarded, but correspondents very generally report wheat turning out better than expected.

vested. A few such yields are always obtained in good wheat years. Actual threshings of more than single jobs are reported as follows:

Berrien county, 842 acres, yield 11,878 Branch county, 105 acres, yield 2,108

bushels, average per acre, 20.08 bushels. Cass county, 858 acres, yield 14,460 bushels, average per acre, 16.85 bushels.

Van Buren county, 118 acres, yield 1,587 bushels, average per acre, 18.08 bushels. The crop has generally been secured in fine condition and is of good quality. The heavy rains in the central part of the state 51/2 pounds fresh crackers for 25c.

just at the close of harvest did some damage but it is not extensive. In a few fields the grain sprouted. In answer to question as to quality 842 correspondents in the southern counties report it good, 70 average, and 8 bad; in the cetural counties 86 report it good, 44 average, and 4 bad, and in the northern counties 48 report it good. 21 average, and 1 bad. The number of bushels of wheat report-

ed marketed in July is 665,294 as compar ed with 580,622 reported marketed in July 1896, and the amount marketed in the twelve months, August-July is 10,130,876 els in the same months last year.

The average condition of corn in the state is 87, comparion being with average years. In the southern counties it is 86. central 90, and northern 88. Corn made rapid growth in July. July 1 the figures for the state and southern and northern counties were 75. One year ago the average condition in the southern counties was

Oats are estimated to yield about 26 bushels per acre. This crop is not yet all secured, and the work has been somewhat delayed by rain.

Potatoes promise about seven-tenths, of an average crop.

The yield per acre of clover and timothy hay is slightly more than in average years Meadows and pastures are now in fine condition. The average condition of cloyer sowed this year is, in the state 91, southern counties 88, central 98 and northern 91.

Apples now promise in the state about one third, in the southern counties onefourth, and in the central counties twofifths, of an average crop.

> WASHINGTON GARDNER Secretary of State.

Peddlers Must Procure a License.

A new law relating to peddlers was enacted by the last legislature, and given immediate effect. The salient points of the law are in brief:

"The people of the State of Michigan enact. That it shall not be lawful for any person to engage in the business of hawking, peddling of pawn-brokerage by going about from door to door or from place to place, or from stand to stand, cart, vehicle or in any other manner in the public streets, highways or in or upon the wharves, docks, open places or spaces. public grounds or public buildings in any township in the state, without first having obtained of the township where such business is to be carried on a license there-

The above law was approved June 2 1897, and was given immediate effect. Everpbody who peddles except wholesale merchants, impliment dealers, nurserymen' etc., selling by sample or, those selling fish or meat outside of incorporated villages and cities, shall procure a license from the town clerk the amount of which license the town board shall fix. The supervisor is required to see that the law is enforced, and any violation of it must be reported to the prosecuting attorney, who will proceed to prosceute, -Courier.

WE ARE

Making an Effort

All the time at the

Bank Drug Store

To sell you the Best Teas and Coffees of any dealer in Chelsea. Try our tea dust at 121 cents per pound, and our coffee at 15 cents per pound.

We are Selling:

Electric kerosine oil 9 cents gal. 7 cakes Jackson soap for 25 cents. Good sugar eorn 5 cents per can. Good Alaska Salmon 10c per can Good sugar syrup 20c per gal. 10 pounds best oatmeal for 25 cents. 7 cans sardines for 25 cents. Poultry powder 15c per package. 4 pounds new prunes for 25 cents.

Large choice lemons 25c doz. Try our 25c N. O. molasses. Lamp wicks 1c per yard. 23 bounds brown sugar for \$1.00. Choice honey 15c per 1b. Light table syrup 25c per gal. Large cucumber pickels 5c per doz. Good tomatoes 7c per can. 25 boxes matches for 25c. 5 boxes tacks for 5c. 6 doz clothespins for 5c.

FRUIT JARS.

Our Jars are fitted with heavy caps and rubbers, and can warrant them first-class in every respect.

We are selling everything in the line of canned goods very cheap. Try our New Orleans Molasses at 25 cents per gallon. It will please you.

Tangle-foot and Poison Fly Paper.

We want your eggs at the highest market price.

Glazier & Stimson

SUMMER

GOODS

CHEAP

We are making some very low prices to close out on, Hammocks, Lawn Chairs, Baby Carriages, Veloscipedes, Gasoline Stoves. Screen Doors, and Screen Windows, Fishing Tackle and Ice Cream Freezers.

HOAG & HOLMES.

See our 10-cent window.

To enjoy good health, try some of our

NICE JUICY STEAKS.

We can supply you with anything in the meat line. Orders promptly

Fresh Fish every Friday.

Albert Eisele.

Deposit your Money in the

Chelsea Savings Bank. Spar Zank.

Its Money is protected from fire and burglars by the best screw door, electrical alarm, burglar proof vault-safe made.

W. J. Knapp, Pres. Thos. S. Sears, Vice-Pres. Geo. P. Glazier, Cashier.

THE NEWS.

Compiled From Late Dispatches. DOMESTIC.

Hardin Johnson, his wife and daughter and Dan Hazelwood, all colored, were fatally poisoned in Louisville, Ky. by laudanum placed in their food. The crime is charged upon a neighbor.

At Webster City, Ia., lightning struck in 20 places during a severe storm, and two children of John Luppus were killed.

Henry Aubert, 88 years old, and Mina, his wife, 56 years old, committed suicide in Jersey City, N. J., because of business reverses.

Fire destroyed the woolen mills at Jackson, Tenn., causing a loss of \$100,-

The public debt statement issued on the 2d shows that the debt increased \$6,790,560 during the month of July: The cash balance in the treasury was \$867,961,932. The total debt, less the cash balance in the treasury, amounts to \$993,446,646.

Mrs. William Hunt was killed by a stray bullet from a target rifle pear Hindsboro, Ill. She leaves 11 children.

All departments of the Cleveland (0.) rolling mills resumed operations, giving 2,000 men work.

Two new churches and many houses were wrecked by a tornado at Letohatchie, Ala.

William J. Mallman, a well-known business man and chairman of the republican county committee, dropped dead in the streets of Sheboygan, Wis.

Expert Samuel C. Dunham, of the federal bureau of labor at Washington, left for the gold belt of Alaska, where he will make an investigation.

President McKinley will attend the reunion of the Society of the Army of the Potomac at Troy, N. Y., August 20.

A sextuplex telegraph wire was successfully operated between Boston and New Haven, 300 miles, three messages being sent over the wire simultaneous-

George B. Hamlett, of Ohio, has been appointed chief post office inspector, to succeed Col. M. D. Wheeler, of New York.

An attempt to blow up the house of John O'Meara, superintendent of the the king of the Belgians had been se-Moonlight mine near Butte, Mont., resulted in the killing of his two little girls and Mamie Benson.

Terence V. Powderly, of Pennsylvania, took the prescribed oath and received his commission as commissioner general of immigration.

The fast flyer on the Kansas Pacific was wrecked 40 miles east of Denver, and two trainmen were killed and a

number of passengers were injured. The mammoth hardware establishment of C. C. Snyder was burned at Can-

ton, O., the loss being \$100,000. The army of the United States is now filled to the enlisted strength allowed

John Flanagan, the champion hammer thrower, surpassed all records in

Albany, N. Y., by throwing the 16-pound hammer 157 feet 4 inches. Miss Clara Hall, aged 18, a daughter of Sherwood Hall, a carriage manufac-

turer of Grand Rapids, and Miss Ethel Herrick, aged 18, a daughter of George G. Herrick, were drowned at Ottawa Beach, Mich., while bathing. During a storm hallstones stopped a

train on the Rock Island road near Ottumwa, Ia. They banked on the track like snow.

The reports as to the condition of the crops throughout the country were favorable.

Louis Allemen, Willie Sellmen and Eddie Johnson, boys ranging in age from 9 to 15 years, were drowned in the river at St. Louis while bathing.

The eight gas companies in Chicago combined with a capital stock of \$25,-000,000

The imports of breadstuffs into the United States during the last fiscal year amounted in value to \$2,774,763.

A statue of the late Vice President Schuyler Colfax is to be erected in South

Bend, Ind. Fire destroyed Stanton's hotel, two banks, two drug stores and ten other

buildings at Lewisburg, W. Va., the total loss being \$100,000. Nicola Tesla announced in New York the completion of his latest discovery

-the simultaneous transmission of messages by means of the earth's electrical currents to as many scattered points on the surface of the globe as may be desired. Gov. Leedy, of Kansas, closed every

saloon in Topeka.

The eighteenth national meet of the League of American Wheelmen opened in Philadelphia.

Four girls, Myrtle Pample, aged 15; Emma Pample, aged 11; Ethel Pample, aged 15, and Bessie Adams, aged 11, were drowned in Skunk river near Nugent, Ia., while bathing.

A new world's half-mile unpaced tandem record was made at Scranton, Pa. by Ralph Gregory and Ben Kelley, their time being 0:551/2.

A cloudburst in Douglas county, Col.,

destroyed over 100 bridges. The banking house of James G. King's Sons, founded in New York in 5, is going out of b

Clarence Temperly, of Irvington, Neb., and Joseph Scanlon, of Corning, Ia., were killed by lightning near Wiota, Ia.

The wife and child of Wallace Scoby were burned to death in Grand Rapids,

Charles Dietz shot and fatally wounded Kate Scollon in Philadelphia because she would not marry him and then killed himself.

Two children were killed and six persons were fatally injured in a railway accident near Rockland, N. Y. Jim Key, a marvelously well educated

horse owned by William Key, a negro,

was sold in Nashville, Tenn., to U. G. Duffleld, of New York, for \$10,000. Three carrier pigeons made the fly from Carlyle, Ill., to Grafton, W. Va., 590 miles, in 301/2 hours, an average of 191/2 miles per hour. This record sur-

passes any previous one made. Judge Jackson, in the United States court at Parkersburg, W. Va., granted a sweeping injurction restraining Eugene V. Debs and his associates from in any way interfering with the property of the Monongah Coke & Coal company or its employes, either by trespassing upon the property of the company or inciting its employes to strike.

The latest official estimate of the population of the United States is 77,000,-

Carl Yates fatally shot his wife and attempted suicide at Oskaloosa, Ia. The woman had brought suit for divorce. Yates may recover.

Peter Bons, the tramp charged with criminally assaulting and murdering Pearl Morrison at Crystal Falls, Mich., has made a complete confession, acknowledging that he assaulted the girl and then strangled her to death.

A monument to Edmund Kirby Smith, the last full general of the confederate army, was unveiled at the University of the South at Sewanee, Tenn.

A passenger train on the Union Pacific road made the remarkable run of 955 miles, from Evanston, Wyo., to Omaha, Neb., in 24 hours, the fastest time on record. Four men were crushed to death and

two-score injured by falling walls and fire which destroyed the Northwestern elevator at Chicago. The property loss was \$350,000. Three men and one woman perished

in a fire which destroyed an all-night restaurant at Cincinnati. Jose Perryman, a negro who criminally assaulted Miss Mellie Walters, on May 21, was hanged at Hattiesburg,

Miss. It was announced at Washington that lected as arbitrator of the dispute be-

tween Japan and Hawaii. Fibel & Crabb, Eminence (Kys) distillers, made an assignment with liabilities of \$100,000.

Henry A. Rucker, the negro recently appointed collector of internal revenue for the district of Georgia, took the oath and assumed charge of the office. Six deputies resigned rather than serve under a colored collector.

At the meeting of stenographers from various states held at the Tennessee exposition it was decided to form a national organization at an early date.

Two persons were fatally, and a number seriously, injured by the collapse of a temporary stand at a race track at Lancaster, Pa.

PERSONAL AND POLITICAL. H. D. Schmidt, editor of the Nashville

(III.) Post, and a war veteran, died at the age of 65 years.

Nelson Dingley, father of Congressman Nelson Dingley, Jr., died at his home in Lewiston, Me., aged 80 years.

Lieut. Michael Moore, one of the last survivors of the soldiers of the war of 1812, died in Brooklyn, N. Y., aged 97 years.

United States Senators Cullom, of

Illinois; Hawley, of Connecticut, and Wetmore, of Rhode Island, sailed from New York for Europe. John W. Hollyday, of Ohio, was ap-

pointed chief clerk of the railway mail service and succeeds Alexander Grant, of Michigan.

At the general election in Tennessee to decide whether or not a constitutional convention should be held the proposition was overwhelmingly defeated.

At the meeting of the Ohio state cen tral committee of the national democrats it was decided to call a state convention at Columbus September 8 and 9 to nominate a state ticket.

FOREIGN.

The steamer Sri Hong Ann foundered in a squall ten miles from Malacca and 110 persons were drowned.

Five hundred killed is the record of the terrible outbreak of the great volcano of Mayon, on the island of Luzon, one of the Philippine group.

The total loss of life by floods in Austria is placed at 275 and the destruction of crops was great.

Three Turkish ironclads left the Daranelles for Crete with the intention of einforcing the garrison on the island. Efforts are being made in Germany to prevent the importation and sale of

American bicycles in that country. Official advices from Camidos, Brazil state that 2,000 government soldiers

were killed in a battle there. M. Ralli, the Greek premier, denies

that King George has threatened to ab-Michael Herbert, now secretary of the British embassy at Constantinople, has been appointed arbitrator on the Venezuela tribunal as Great Britain's

representative.

Vienna advices report that the Buigarian poet, Constantinoff, had been as-

Forty-two houses were burned and three persons lost their lives in a fire

Bar silver declined to the lowest point ever reached in London, reaching 25% pence per ounce.

The latest Rio Janiero official advices state that 2,000 government soldiers were killed in the recent big battle at Canudes.

LATER.

There were 237 business failures in the United States in the seven days ended on the 6th, against 236 the week previous and 240 in the corresponding period of 1896.

The Danversport (Mass.) rubber works were destroyed by fire, entailng a heavy loss.

The exchanges at the leading clearng houses in the United States during the week ended on the 6th aggregated \$1,141,862,763, against \$1,043,068,003 the previous week. The increase compared with the corresponding week of 1896 was 28.7.

Maj. R. Taylor Scott, attorney-general of Virginia, died at Warrenton of typhoid fever.

Jack Williams was lynched near Barbersville, Ky., by a mob for ravishing a deaf mute girl named Viney Bays.

The American Dental association in session at Newport News, Va., elected Dr. Thomas Fillebrown, of Boston, pres-

John Hatchet plowed up an old pot containing \$1,000 in gold coin on his farm near Schooner, Ind.

The British parliament was prorogued by a speech from the throne, in which Queen Victoria briefly reviewed the relations of Great Britain with other nations.

A pigeon bearing news regarding Prof. Andree's balloon expedition across the north pole, has been captured at Gradisca, in Austria-Hungary.

Jesse Babcock committed suicide at Eagle Bend, Minn., three hours before he was to have been married.

Joe Patchen paced a mile at Columbus, O., in 2:011/2, the fastest time on record. Montgomery, Ala., is suffering from smallpox, and about 300 patients are

undergoing treatment at the pesthouse. H. A. Dailey, a well-to-do Janison (Mich.) man, shot his wife and then took poison himself and died. The woman may recover.

Articles of incorporation of the Spreckels Sugar company have been filed at San Francisco, with a capital of

George Turner, a negro, was hanged near Spring Hill, Ala.. for an attempted assault upon the daughter of his employer. Jack McKane shot and killed William

E. Albin as a result of a dispute over a game of cards at St. Joseph, Mo. Secretary of State Sherman says that

the United States would not guarantee the carrying out of the terms of arbitration between Hawaii and Japan if the decision of the arbitrators be against the former. The percentages of the baseball clubs

in the National league for the week | into the house range. ended on the 8th were: Boston, .690; Cincinnati, .655; Baltimore, .651; New York, .614; Cleveland, .511; Chicago, .473; Philadelphia, .472; Pittsburgh, .460; Louisville, .446; Brooklyn, .435; Washington, .360; St. Louis, .269.

While Mrs. Anna Robinson, aged 31 years, was asleep with two children at. her home at Feildsborough, N. J., her

insane husband cut her throat. Forty-six persons were killed outright and many others injured by the explosion of a cartridge factory

Rustchuk, Bulgaria. At Indianapolis, Ind., William Martin, a locomotive engineer, was killed in a collision between a switch engine and passenger train.

What is known in Missouri as the breeder's law, under which poolselling and bookmaking are prohibited except on race tracks, has been pronounced unconstitutional.

President N. E. Young, of the National Baseball league, who has been employed in the treasury department for 31 years, tendered his resignation, and at his personal request it was ac-

epted at once by Secretary Gage. Chicago's celebrated wheel tax law was declared unconstitutional by Judge

Agriol Paur, who was instrumental in bringing over the first German opera company that visited this country in 1851, died in New York, aged 73 years. John Park, six times mayor of Mem-

phis, Tenn., is dead, aged 85 years. The National Democratic Association of Colored Men is called to meet in couvention at Columbus, O., on September

Edward King and Herbert Nicholson were killed at a railroad crossing at Chattanooga, Tenn. The convention of the National Chris-

tian Alliance began its annual session at Cleveland, O., with between 400 and 500 members present. Canovas Del Castillo, the prime minster of Spain, was assassinated at Santa

Agueda by an anarchist. The murderer fired three shots, two of which struck the premier in the head and the other in the chest. The wounded man lingered unconscious for two hours, and died. The assassin was immediately arrested. He is a Neapolitan and gives the name of Rinaldi, but it is believed that this is an assumed name and that his real name is Michele Angino Golli.

A SWEEPING INJUNCTION.

West Virginia Coal Operator Invoke the Aid of the Law.

Parkersburg, W. Va., Aug. 5.-Upon the application of James Sloan, Jr., of Baltimore, a stockholder in the Monongah Coke & Coal company, made by former Gov. Fleming, his counsel, Judge Jackson, in the United States court on Wednesday afternoon, granted sweeping injunction restraining Eugene V. Debs and his associates from in any way interfering with or molesting the management or the conducting of the property of the Monongah Coal & Coke company or its employes, either by trespassing upon the property of the company or approaching thereto or inciting its employes to strike or interfering in any manner whatever, either by word or deed, with the company's affairs. The text of the writ covers everything that can possibly be construed into an infringement of rights of corporations, and practically prevents all future agitation in the vicinity of the Monongah mines.

Pittsburgh, Pa., Aug. 7. - Friday evening Squire Stemmens rendered his decision in the riot and unlawful assemblage cases against President Dolan and others. He holds Dolan, Jacob Aufhelter, Paul Trimmer and Edward Me-Kay in \$300 bail each for the September term of court. Bail was entered for all. The cases against Cameron Miller, William Warner and Edward Shaw were dismissed.

Eugene V. Debs, who addressed the large miners' meeting on the Duquesne wharf at night, left Friday for Turtle Creek, where he spoke in the evening. Before leaving the city Mr. Debs denounced Judge Jackson, of West Virginia, for issuing the injunction restraining him from interfering in any way with the Monongah company or its employes. Mr. Debs said:

"This injunction restrains me from walking on any of the public highways leading to the mines of the Monongah Coal & Coak company. It is most sweeping and none other can be compared to it. The injunction annihilates the right of peaceable assemblage and effectually suppresses free speech. If it is sustained, and I have no doubt it will be, it sweeps away all constitutional safeguards and delivens us, bound hand and foot, to the corporate capital.

issued it, in supreme contempt. If I have occasion to raise my voice in behalf of the famishing miners in Jackson's jurisdiction, I propose to do so, or at least make the attempt, totally regardless of this infamous injunction. The farce of the proceeding is that the injunction is issued by a judge. It ought

to come direct from the coal operators

'I hold the injunction, and the judge who

the infamy of the proceeding." The coal company discovered a new sort of missionary work among its employes Friday. Wives of many of the campers are now in the field. They have been arriving for several days, until there are about 20 of them scattered about through the Plum, Sandy and Turtle Creeks settlements. The women are from the McDonald, Carnegie and Wheeling division sections and while the men are at work do missionary work among their wives. They have occess to the workmen's houses, but the men are denied this. Deputies are stationed all along the property line with instructions not to allow a man to pass

The proposed campaign against the mine owners of Westmoreland county and the operators of central Pennsylvania which has been delayed is now an assured fact. The strike leaders decided on it definitely at a camp conference Friday and a big move will probably be made next Wednesday. As already constituted the plans propose a direct march through the whole territory where mines are being operated, until Clearfield county is reached. Camps will be left at each of the De Armit mines at Canonsburg, at Bunola and any other place where it may seem necessary to keep the mines closed which appears before the crusaders leave. The leaders estimate that with what will remain behind in the camps at least 8,000 men will be kept constantly in the movement.

Definite orders have been issued from Harrisburg to local officers of the national guard of Pennsylvania to hold themselves in readiness for immediate service. This order, which arrived several days ago, is being complied with to the letter and the day and night address of each officer, together with the number of the nearest telephone, has been forwarded to headquarters. However, these officers have expressed it as their opinion that the miners have behaved themselves most orderly and that the guard is not at all necessary as yet. Not Hawaii's Spensor.

Washington, Aug. 7. - The United States will not guarantee the carrying out of terms of arbitration between Hawaii and Japan if the decision of the arbitrators be against the former. So said Secretary of State John Sherman Friday night. It was a matter between the countries in interest, he said. If the treaty of annexation is ratifled before the arbitration is concluded, then the arbitration failed, the secretary explained. He left the inference that the matter of Japan's claim against Hawaii might then be a special subject of legislation by congress.

Goes Out of Business.

New York, Aug. 5. - The banking house of James G. King's Sons, found ed in 1815, and formerly one of the principal banking firms of the city, is going out of business. The business has long dwindled. What remains will be taken over by Baring, Magoun & Co.

TROOPS ASKED FOR

Threatening Strike Situation at Cofe

feen, Ill .- In Pennsylvania. Springfield, Ill., Aug. 9.-Gov. Tanner in an interview states that he has received no further word from Sheriff. Randle, of Montgomery county, who at an early hour Sunday morning sent a call for troops at Coffeen. Gov. Tanner sent B. B. Ray, secretary of the railroad and warehouse commission, to Coffeen, instructing him to wire a report of the conditions at Coffeen among the strikers. Late Sunday night Mr. Ray telegraphed that everything ois quiet at Coffeen and says there is no indication of immediate trouble.

Coffeen is a village in Montgomery county. It is now besieged by 500 threatening strikers, who express determination to force the miners now at work there to drop their tools. It is rumored that the miners have threatened to use dynamite and blow up the shafts in order to prevent work. This and other reports of a like nature increased the alarm of the authorities, who united with Sheriff Randle in his call for troops. President Taylor took every precaution to preserve the peace, placing the village practically under martial law. Pickets were stationed at every entrance to the village and none of the strikers were allowed to enter.

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Hillsboro, Ill., Aug. 9 .- The ominous calm which precedes a storm prevails in Coffeen. Camped outside the town are hundreds of angry strikers, armed with clubs and revolvers, determined to prevent work in the mines to-day. The visiting miners remained in camp Sunday, forbidden by President Traylor to come within the village limits. A large force of deputy sheriffs, armed with rifles and shotguns, are patrolling the premises near the mines. For two days there has been the semblance of martial law in Coffeen. No one has been allowed to come within the village without stating his business or giving a password and pickets have been constantly on guard.

The striking miners are armed with stout hickory clubs, which they carry as a walking stick. One of them, N. A. Ocheler, of Staunton, assaulted a working miner and was arrested and placed in jail in this city. When searched a revolver was found concealed in his clothing. It is thought that a large portion of the visiting miners are carrying revolvers. The unusual precautions taken by the authorities include a rigid censorship over the telegraph and telephone systems. Telegrams can neither and, at least, hypocrisy would not intensify be sent nor received and calls by telephone from Mount Olive, the connecting point with the outside world, are

not answered. A clash is feared when the miners appear for work and a company of militia is greatly desired, as it is felt that 50 of them would have immense moral weight in preventing trouble. The request of Sheriff Randle to Gov. Tanner to send state troops has been refused on the ground that the sheriff has not exhausted his resources. The general opinion is that the sheriff will be able to control the strikers. Good judgment and coolness will avert trouble, but any slight aggressive act on the part of deputies will in the excited condition of affairs precipitate riot and

bloodshed. Chicago, Aug. 9 .- A call has been issued for a meeting of the executive committee of the Illinois coal operators to be held at Peoria August 12 to consider the scale of wages adopted by the miners' convention at Springfield. The scale will probably be accepted, making Illinois the first state in which the miners win a victory, but the miners will remain out until a general set-

tlement is made. Pittsburgh, Pa., Aug. 9 .- Although Sunday was considered a day of rest among the strikers, probably the most effective work among the Plum Creek miners was performed, and as a result the strikers have been assured that considerably less than 200 men will be at work to-day at the mine. A large mass meeting was held at Camp Isolation at Plum Creek in the afternoon, which, in addition to about 1,000 others, was attended by about 200 women, the wives and daughters of the miners who are still at work in the Plum Creek mine. Notwithstanding the fact that deputies visited the homes of these people in the morning and advised them to not attend the meeting, nearly every wife brought her husband with her. Because of the many restrictions put on the strikers, they have hitherto been unable to get a chance to argue their cause with the Plum Creek workmen, and the occasion given them to-day was taken advantage of to the full.

PENSION LIST GROWS.

Nearly 1,000,000 Persons Now Drawing Money from the Treasury.

Washington, Aug. 9.—The pension roll of the United States has almost reached the million mark. Commissioner Evans has just issued a statement showing that at the beginning of the fiscal year the pensioners numbered just 983,528, an increase of 12,850 for the last year. During that year 50,101 new pensions were granted and 3,971 perso were restored to the rolls. Old age and disease, however, is working great inroads into the lists, for there were 31, 960 deaths during the year. Other sources of loss were 1,074, from remarriages of widows; 1,845 orphans attained majority, 2,683 failures to claim pensions, and 3,560 losses from other

THE CHELSEA HERALD

A. ALLISON, Editor and Proprietor.

: MICHIGAN CHELSEA,

Bonneo is no country for a lawyer. Some traveler has reported that this people not being up to civilized ways, settles all its serious disputes in this fashion: The two litigants are each given a little lump of salt of the same size to drop simultaneously into water. The one whose lump first dissolves is deemed to be in the wrong.

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WHEN the late Theodore Havemeyer died an insurance company sent his heirs within five days a check for \$150.-000, probably the largest single amount paid by an insurance company on the life of one man. Mr. Havemeyer had been insured at the age of 54, a little more than four years before his death, and he had paid in premiums \$38,220.

In some of the great department stores of Paris there is in operation for the convenience of customers a moving staircase in the shape of an andless leather belt transferring them from one story to another. It is called a transporting carpet. Endless belts of canvas have been used for some time for conveying packages from one part of a store to another.

ABOUT \$70,000 a year have been saved by the state of Virginia through a reform in regulating criminal expenses. One change which results in a large saving is that which provides that convicts sentenced to the penitentiary shall be sent for by the authorities of that institution, rather than escorted to it by sheriffs or police in the various counties and cities.

THERE is only one naval power of the first rank-Great Britain. The French navy is barely half as strong, and France must consequently be classified as a sea power of the second rank. As none of the other naval powers is equal to France, they are placed in the third class, which includes Russia, the United States, the Japanese, the Italian and the German

THE breeding of eels is a mystery. Nobody ever saw any of their eggs. The ancients used to have a notion that eels were developed from horsehairs. Another theory was that they were the progeny of a kind of beetle. It is now known that they must spawn in the ocean. Eels put into land-locked ponds do not breed; they must go to the sea in order to propagate their species.

INDIA has 2,035 towns with an aggregate population of 27,251,176, about one-tenth of the total population. Of these towns 28 have over 100,000 inhabitants, 48 more over 50,000, and 556 more over 10,000. The largest are Bombay, 821,764: Calcutta, 771,144; Madras, 452,518; Hyderabad, 415,039; Lucknow, 273,028; Benares, 219,467; Delhi, 192,579; Mandalay, 188,815; Cawnpore, 188, 712; Bangalore, 186, 366; Rangoon, 183,324; Lahore, 176,854; Allahabad, 175, 246.

Miss Agnes Weston, known in England as "the mother of British blueackets," has done more for the uplifting of the English sailor than any other woman. She has established many "rests," and during the 30 years of her labor has done much for the cause of temperance among the tars. Her temperance magazine, Ashore and Afloat, has met with such flattering success that the United States authorities have especially requested her to mail the magazine to American warships.

BRUSSELS is this summer the seat of a series of congresses dealing with questions concerning the laboring lasses. They will be held from July to the end of September. The first, held at the beginning of the month, was on "Sunday Rest." It is to be followed by others on "Cheap Dwellings," on the "Accidents of Labor," and on the international protection of workers in mines and factories. The sixth international congress against alcoholism will also meet in Brussels at the end of August.

MISS LILLIAN SMALL, of Cape Cod, Mass., has a singular profession. She lives in a small cottage under the shadows of the big Highland light, and there she spends her time looking through the telescope for passing ships and telegraphing the news to Boston. She leads a lonely life, often for days seeing no one but the families of the ighthouse keepers. She has a wheel and a rifle for companions, and is said to find amusement in coasting and in shooting wild duck and such game as the country affords.

JUDGE WELLHOUSE is called the aple king of the world. His orchards, n Kansas, consist of 1,630 acres, containing 100,000 apple trees, and are located in the counties of Leavenworth, Miami and Osage. In thirteen years he has picked over 400,000 bushels of apples, and whenever he has a little oney to spare he buys a little more land and sets out some more apple trees. Growing apple trees is his passion on, just as gambling is the passion of some men and raising fast horses the passion of others.

MICHIGAN STATE NEWS.

PRICE OF SILVER DROPS.

Sensational Break in Price of Bul-

lion on the London Market.

most rapid decline ever recorded on

the London market since the last week

of June, 1893, when the Indian gov-

ernment decided to close the Indian

mints to free silver coinage, and when

holders of bullion accordingly threw

their silver on the market without regard to price. On the news silver bul-

lion fell in London 371/2 pence per ounce

to a price below 30, but it rallied sharp-

New York, Aug. 6 .- The New York

price fell to 55% cents bid, a break of

11/4 cents an ounce from Wednesday

and of 41/4 cents within a month. At

this price the bullion value of the sil-

ver dollar is a trifle more than 43 cents.

London dispatches ascribe the great

weakness in silver to liquidation by

City of Mexico, Aug. 6 .- The drop in,

silver sent exchange on New York to

its highest point (132) after banking

hours. Merchants have largely can-

celed foreign orders, and will await

something like permanency in ex-

change. The government is making all

for silver. The leading bankers are

not dismayed and continue to predict

a reaction, although not until lower prices have been reached. There is un-

doubtedly much apprehensve feeling,

especially as to the rapidity with which

exchange has risen without precedent.

One of the bankers declares the United

States will have to take the initiative

in bringing about a solution of the sil-

England Delays Her Answer.

London, Aug. 7 .- The British govern-

ment has informed the American bi-

metallic commission that it will prob-

ably reply to the proposals of the com-

missioners on behalf of the United

States in October. The commissioners

have been awaiting in London since

their conference with the cabinet, and

tions with other governments, they

wrote to the cabinet, inquiring when

they might expect a decision, as they

were anxious to arrange their future

programme. Sir Michael Hicks-Beach

said it was due both to the importance

of the subject and the manner in which

it has been brought before the English

ministry by representatives of the

two countries that these proposals

should be very carefully considered;

and this process must be somewhat pro-

longed, owing to the time necessarily

occupied in communicating with the

government of India. While this post-

ponement of England's decision delays

the work, the American envoys do not

consider it discouraging. On the con-

trary, they think Great Britain's inter-

est in the question justifies them in ex-

pecting that the Indian mints will be

The L. A. W. Meet.

wheelmen to the big L. A. W. meet

were astir early in the morning, and

were soon in complete possession of the

smooth asphalt streets and suburban

roads and park drives. The meet was

formally opened Wednesday morning

at nine o'clock with a scheduled run to

Andorara nurseries and return, a dis-

tance of about ten miles. The visiting

riders turned out in large numbers

under the escort of the local committee.

As a Last Resort.

positively at the state department

that there has been no change in the

instructions given either to Minister

Sewall or to Admiral Beardslee touch-

ing their attitude toward the Hawaiian

question. The admiral's instructions

were to protect American interests at

all points and to establish a protector-

ate only in the event of serious disturb-

Washington, Aug. 4 .- It is declared

Philadelphia, Aug. 5.-The visiting

opened.

ver question.

New York holders of the metal.

ly later.

the United States.

Conference in Battle Creek.

A conference of men and women interested in the great social hygienic and philanthropic questions pertaining to the welfare of human society will be held at Battle Creek October 12-17, 1897. Methods of municipal organization and municipal politics, condition of the poor and unemployed, farm colonies, how to eliminate the framp from society and what to do for the ex-convict are among the questions to be discussed by able and well known men from various portions of the country.

Tarred and Feathered.

Boyce Speicher, who lives near Glendale, was visited by several of his neighbors, who treated him to a coat of tar and feathers, after which he was rolled in sand. Speicher was in the habit of making vicious remarks regarding cer- it is due, perhaps, to a well-grounded tain women living in the community, and had insulted several of them. After | bimetallic commission, headed by Senthe work was done he was ordered to shake the town, which he did.

Health in Michigan.

Reports to the state board of health from 59 observers in various portions of the state for the week ended July 31 indicated that cholera morbus and dysentery increased in area of prevalence. Consumption was reported at 191 places, measles at 39, scarlet fever at 15, diphtheria at 26, typhoid fever at 19 and whooping cough at 18 places.

Drowned in the Lake.

At Diamond lake four society girls, two from near Cassopolis and two from Vandalia, were taking a cruise around the lake when a sudden gust capsized their yacht. Dora O'Dell was drowned, but Mary Skinner, Clara Whitehead its estimates based on even lower prices and Etta Train were rescued after a hard struggle by a young man whose name could not be learned.

Railway Taxes.

The last day for the payment of railroad taxes assessed for the year 1896 without the payment of the seven per cent. penalty has passed. The total taxes assessed against the companies was \$740,998.75, and of this sum \$107,-148.36 remains unpaid. The amount of delinquent taxes is smaller than for several years.

After Thirty Years.

Thirty years ago A. H. Chamberlain and wife, of Marcellus, quarreled and a divorce followed. Each wedded another and continued to reside in the same town. Recently death deprived each of his and her partner. They met again, the love of 30 years ago returned and they were married.

Settlers Claim a Victory.

Land Commissioner Hermann has sent back to the Marquette land office the contest between the Michigan Land and Iron company and the settlers. This will cause an open contest for 50,000 acres of land, and may jeopardize the title to nearly ten times that much.

Brief Items of News.

A post office has been established at Fritch, Sanilac county, with James A. Fritch as postmaster.

Nathan James, a farm hand, shot and wounded Martha Miner, a domestic, and then killed himself in Bridgewater. Morris Lamb, of Schooleraft, was overcome by the heat and fell dead

while riding his wheel near Kalamazoo. Milton Cramer, living three miles east of St. Louis, lost his left hand by getting tangled with a buzzsaw.

Neil McMillan, who has ceased to be state oil inspector, turned over to the state treasurer a balance of \$5,212.66, the net receipts of the office for the first six months of this year.

Cherries are a big crop in Tuscola county. Buyers are only offering 50 cents per bushel for them, delivered at railroad stations. Farmers are giving them away and allowing them to rot on the trees.

A girl baby about three or four weeks old was left on the steps of a house occupied by Mrs. Viola Smith at Buchanan. By dropping a lighted lamp Mrs. Wallace J. Scoby and her son were burned

to death at Grand Rapids. William Mumford, an old resident of Mecosta township, Mecosta county, fell from a load of hay and broke his neck.

Albert Mitchell was convicted in Justice Haller's court in Bay City of allowing Canada thistles to grow on his farm and was fined \$28.

The Standish fair grounds and contiguous property have been purchased by a local company, which will sell off all the property except the race track. L. E. Watson, a prominent druggist in Shepherd, died at Oak Grove, where

he had gone on a visit. Bay county farmers have been suffering extensively from the operations of a

gang of harness thieves. B. W. Wright, ex-county treasurer, was appointed receiver for the Ropes Gold & Silver company at Ishpeming. The company's liabilities are estimated at from \$50,000 to \$100,000.

The Palms Mining company started No: 4 shaft at Bessemer, giving employment to 100 men.

Mrs. George Sehrbach, of Montrose, was killed in a runaway accident and her three children were badly injured. The Michigan Police and Sheriff's association in annual session at Port

Huron elected as president C. P. Collins, Eighteen girls were received during July at the Adrian industrial home.

ance or the commission of some overt Made a Great Throw. Albany, N. Y., Aug. 4 .- John Flana-

> gan, the champion hammer thrower, surpassed all records Tuesday by throwing the 16-pound hammer 157 feet 4 inches. He was giving an exhibition at the athletic meet of the Ancient Order of Hibernians, and this record will not stand as the world's record. On his second throw he beat his world's record of 150 feet 8 inches by

> > Three Thousand Slain.

one inch.

Buenos Ayres, Aug. 5. - The latest official advices from Camidos, Brazil, state that 2,000 government soldiers were killed in the recent big battle there. This leaves the rebel loss in the same fight about 1,000. The number of wounded cannot be estimated as yet, as the reinforcements which have gone forward continue to find the injured hidden in the forest and in huts, suffering for food and water.

FOR YOUNG PEOPLE.

MAMMA'S LITTLE MICE.

London, Aug. 6.—Bar silver made a violent and sensational break Thurs-Mamma's little, seven little, busy ilttle day, falling one-half penny to 25% (In braids or caps or curls); pence per ounce. This is by far the Mamma's little, seven little, brave little lowest price ever touched, and is the

(Seven little boys and girls).

One little mouse is gray-coat Tim (Braids or caps or curls); Leave the woodpile all to him, (Seven little boys and girls). One little mouse is staid Ledore

(Braids or caps or curls); She can make a bed or sweep a floor (Seven little boys and girls). One little mouse is deft Estelle

(Braids or caps or curls); She sets the table and rings the bell The Times in its financial comments (Seven little boys and girls). admits its inability to explain the per-One little mouse is lightsome Prue sistent weakness of silver, but thinks (Braids or caps or curls); Here are the dishes for her to do

(Seven little boys and girls).

belief that the results of the American One little mouse is field-mouse Joe ator Wolcott, are not likely to prove (Braids or caps or curls): He handles the spade and swings the satisfactory to silverites here and in (Seven little boys and girls).

> One little mouse is comely Kit (Braids or caps or curls); She will sit and knit, while the others flit (Seven little boys and girls).

One little mouse is Baby Bib (Braids or caps or curls); He coos and sings in his willow crib (Seven little boys and girls).

Mamma's little, seven little, busy little mice (In braids or caps or curls);

Mamma's little, seven little, brave little (Seven little boys and girls).

-Mary E. Stone, in N. Y. Independent.

THE DRUM ON SHIPBOARD.

It Plays an Important Part in the Daily Routine of Duty.

"The Last of the Drums," is the title of an article written by Lieut. Con Mar- the glass, each time backing away thorrast Perkins for St. Nicholas. Lieut. oughly surprised. Finally he got tired Perkins says:

In the navy as well as in the army the drum is hallowed and glorified by traditions of victory; and from the day Paul Jones ran up the first flag of our country, with its liberty-tree and its motto, "An Appeal to Heaven," down to the present, a man-of-war's drummer, though the smallest mite on board, has always played an important part in the daily routine of our nation's floating bulwarks.

From the rolling of "gun brightwork" in the morning, and the longdrawn, solemn beat to "quarters," to the last incident of the day-"taps," or "extinguish lights"-the drum retains desiring to know the exact position of its place here; and the little marine apparently complete lack of any mental England before opening up negotia- drummer, with his baby face and red attributes, save the very lowest order coat, is the last to carry his drum proudly at the head of marching men and to blend its martial rattle with the blare of the trumpet, which has usurped the place of the fife.

These boys are enlisted at Washington, and are taught in the music school at marine headquarters, after which they are drafted to the several marine stations at navy yards or distributed to vessels in commission all over the

They are enlisted at from 14 to 16 years of age, and are bound over to



MARINE GUARD DRUMMER.

serve in the marine corps until 21 when they are honorably discharged.

While serving on men-of-war they swing in hammocks and mess with the marine guard, and in all respects are treated as if they are men; in action they serve at the great guns as powderboys-"powder-monkeys" as they are sometimes called. The duty of a powder-boy is to pass charges from the magazine to the battery.

Drummers are distinguished from the kins," the British soldier, which has o'clock, and often starts out for his been worn by the army for nearly 300 | morning ride at six. The kings of Italy. years. As a joke upon this distinctive- Roumania and Sweden and Norway that when the British were seen ap- queen regent of Holland are also early proaching Bladensburg, during the risers, but the late Dom Pedro of Brawar of 1812, a wag in the American | zil broke all records in early rising, beranks shouted: "Great Scott! boys, here comes the music. I guess I won't wait for the army!"

Got Rid of a Bore.

Senator Cameron once called upon Where do you want to have him sent?" asked the president. There was a large globe in the room. The Pennsylvania him there." And he was sent.

FOUGHT HIS IMAGE.

Game Cock in St. Louis Makes a Fool of Himself.

One of the gamest gamecocks in St. Louis, Mo., gave a chance audience a rare treat one day last week. He fought his image to a finish. By chance mirror had been left in the back yard at the corner of Jefferson avenue and Pine street. The cock was strutting about the yard looking for trouble when suddenly he came face to face with his image in the glass. His fighting blood was up. At last he had met



FIGHTING WITH HIMSELF.

a bird that he considered worthy of his prowess. He eyed the supposed enemy critically. His anger grew as the image mocked him. The feathers began to rise on his neck, and in an instant he made a lunge at the glass. Picking himself up from the ground. where he had been doubled in a heap. he backed off a few paces. The cowardly image also backed away and mocked him. He made lunge after lunge at of retreating and made a fierce face to face contest with himself. He fought until he fell from sheer exhaustion.

THE MEXICAN PECCARY.

It Never Turns Out for Anything. Man or Beast.

"The most vicious and fearless of the brute creation is the peccary, or wild hog of Mexico," said C. W. Bartlett, of Laredo, Tex. "This animal seems utterly devoid of the emotion of fear. I have never seen it turn a hair's breadth out of its path for any living thing. Man is its special bete noire. It displays an intelligence in fighting the human strangely at variance with its of instinct. They are rarely found singly, but go in droves of from a hundred to thousands. Their ability to scent men is particularly marked. I have known a drove of them to scent a man a mile off and strike as straight for him as the arrow flies. There is no use to try to frighten them with guns. The cannonading of a full battery would have no more effect on them than the popping of a firecracker. The only thing to do when they get after you is to run away from them as fast as a horse can carry you. And then there is no certainty that they won't catch you. They are nearly as swift as a horse, and their endurance is as great as their viciousness.

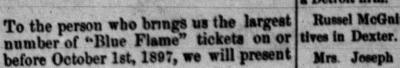
"A friend of mine encountered a drove of them in a wild part of Mexico a few years ago, and his escape was miraculous. He very foolishly shot and wounded a number of them. Then he took refuge in a tree. The peccaries kept him in the tree all that day and through the night. They circled around the tree, grunting and squealing their delight at the prospect of a feast. He soon exhausted his ammunition, and brought down a peccary at each fire. But this had no terror for the beasts. Along toward morning the brutes began to eat the ones he had killed, and when they thus satisfied the cravings of their stomachs they formed in line and trotted off. If they had not had some of their own number to devour they would have guarded that tree until my friend, through sheer exhaustion, dropped from his perch and allowed them to make a meal of him. The wildcats and tigers that infest the Mexican wilds flee from the peccaries with instinctive fear, and even rattlesnakes keep out of their path."-St. Louis Republic.

Kings Are Enrly Risers.

Most of the European sovereigns are private soldiers of the marine guard in early risers. The emperor of Austria full-dress uniform by a scarlet tunic rises at 4:30 a. m. in the summer and with white facing and shoulder knots | five a. m. in the winter. The empress -the only dress in our service like the has her bath at four o'clock. The Gertraditional red coat of "Tommy At- man emperor gets to work at five ly un-American uniform, it is related rise at six o'clock. The queen and ing in the habit of getting up for the day at three a. m. and visiting his friends between four and five.

A Touching Incident.

Mr. Augustus Hare, in his "Story of President Lincoln in behalf of an appli- My Life," tells of a touching incident cant for a consulate who was a particu- associated with a visit to an English villarly pestiferous person to him. lage: He and his companion, while walking in the churchyard late at night. saw a woman bring a number of glowworms into the burial ground and put senator put one arm around it as far them on her child's grave, that she as he could reach and said: "I do not might see it in the darkness from the now what my finger is on, but send window of her cottage.-Youth's Companion.



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BLUD PLAME

Oil Stove Complete.

The tickets are furnished free by us to our customers, one ticket with every gallon of kerosine oil or Gasoline purchased from us beginning

Monday, August 16th, and ending Thursday, September 30th,

Perhaps you now have a Rlue Flame stove and do not need another, if so you can save your tickets for some friend who is less fortunate, for it makes no difference who the tickets come from so long as they are brought to us by one person. It is the one who brings us the largest number who will get the stove.

Bring us your oil and gasoline cans, and while you are here inspect the quality of our goods, the general condition of our store, and our method of doing business, inquire about our prices, and if you are not already one of our customers try us. We are satisfying your neighbors, we will satisfy you.

FREEMAN'S.

Did You Ever

Stop to think that it pays to look around before you purchase a

Harness, Buggy, Organ or Piano?

Before purchasing, it will pay you to call at my store, inspect goods and get prices.

Special attention is called to our Shining Light Axle Grease and Harness Oil, machine and coach oils of all kinds, pure vegetable castor day. oil for buggies.

Also a complete stock of horse furnishing goods.

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"WE KNOW"

How close money matters are with you, and we are prepared for close buyers.

TRY US

And be satisfied that we are right.

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for the

HERALD

Chelses and Vicinity.

L. D. Loomis of Grass Lake spent Monday in town.

H. H. Fenn is traveling in Nebraska for

Detroit firm. Russel McGninness is the guest of rela-

Mrs. Joseph Heim visited relatives in Jackson this week.

Mrs. P. Prendegast, who has been very ill is decidedly better.

Dr. Hamilton and wife spent last Thursday at Grass Lake.

Miss Laura Clark, of Ypsilanti, is the guest of Miss Myrta Guerin.

Miss Celia Foster is spending her vacation with friends in Jackson.

Peter McNaney, of Hillsdale is the guest of his sis sister, Mrs. Wilkins,

Miss Mary Shanaban is visiting her sister, Mrs. Sullivan of Hillsdale.

Miss Jessie Higgins, of Detroit, is the guest of Miss Kathryn Hooker. Mrs. H. L. Wood has returned from a

two week's visit at Niagra Falls. Miss Lena Williams is visiting friends in

in Three Rivers, Mich., this week. Edward Allen of Albany, N. Y. is the

guest of Chelsea friends this week. Miss Nellie Copeland, of Dexter, is the guest of Mr. and Mrs. H. S. Holmes.

Miss Emma Neebling, of Manchester, is he guest of Mr. and Mrs. M. Staffan. Mr. and Mrs. Arthur Walker of of De

troit, are the guests of Mr. Jas. Hudler, Miss Pearl Davis has accepted a posi tion in the office of the Glazier Stove Co Mr. and Mrs. E. G. Hoag, of Detroit, is

spending this week with Chelsea friends. Miss Mary Lammers of Jackson is the guest of her sister, Mrs. Simon Weber, jr. Elmer Hammond of Detroit is spending a couple of weeks here with his parents.

Mrs. Peter Gorman and Miss Alice Gorman visited friends in Dexter last Wednes-

Mrs. Timothy McKune spent last week in Detroit, the guest of her daughter, Miss Agnes. Mrs. Wm. Martin, of Webster, was the

guest of Mr and Mrs, D. Wurster last

Chas. Dixon and wife of Brooklyn, Mich., called on relatives and friends here this week.

L, Watkins, of Grass Lake, is spending the week at the home of Mr. and Mrs. Jas L. Gilbert,

Mrs. C. M. Stephens, of Cleveland, Ohio, is the guest of her sister, Mrs. J. A. Eisenman.

Co., N. Dakota last Saturday where he ex- can 37, English 8, Irish 15, African (mupects to locate.

The game of ball between Waterloo and Lyndon resulted in a victory for Lyndon. The score stood 15 to 25.

Mr. and Mrs. E. L. Schumacher, of Ann Arbor, are the guests of Mr. and Mrs. Jacob Schumacher this week.

Mr. and Mrs. Herbert McKune of Mt Pleasant, Mich. are visiting friends and relatives in Chelsea and vicinity this week

J. H. Osbourne, commescial agent of the M. C. R R., and son, Press, of Chicago, spen Saturday with M J. Noyes and

Mrs. Cassidy and children of Sonth Bend, Ind., who have been the guests of Miss Lose Cassidy for some time, have returned home.

H. S. Holmes met with the prison board of control at the prison, Jackson, Saturday for the first time. Routine business was before the board.

of Sylvan, with their families had a very ards. I have given the matter a good deal pleasant picnic and family re-union at Cavanaugh Lake last Tuesday,

Next Sunday will be the Feast of the Assumption of the Blessed Virgin Mary into Heaven Special service will be held next Sunday at St. Mary's church. In the evening at 7;30 o'clock Vespers and Benediction will be given.

The following persons attended the Epworth League convention, held at Tecumseh, Tuesday and Wednesday: Rev. J. 1. Nickerson, Ella Nickerson, Ella Mongague Mrs. A. J. Congdon, Mrs. N. Prudden, Mrs. Avery, Flora Kempf, Eva Cross, and J. S. Cummings.

will have their annual picnic at Cavanaugh Lake on Tuesday, August 17th. The start will be made from the church at 9:80 a. m. Messrs Louis and Edward Hindelang, C. McGuire, William Wheeler, Edward Stapish and John McKernan will convey the children and parents to the grounds. It will be a basket picnic. Father Considine will treat the Sunday Corns, and all Skin Eruptions, and school children to ice-cream, bananas etc. positively cures Piles, or no pay required. The day will no doubt, be most enjoyably It is guaranteed to give perfect satisfaction spent, as St. Mary's is famous for the suc- or money refunded. Price 25 cents per cess of its entertainments.

Council Proceedings.

[OFFICIAL]

Chelsea, July 7, 1897.

Board met in regular session. Meeting called to order by President. Roll call by Clerk.

Present-Wm Bacon, President; Truslees Vogel, Wedemeyer, Holmes, Grau and Armstrong. Absent-Trustee Raftrey.

Moved by Armstrong and supported by Wedemeyer that the minutes of previous meeting be accepted as read.

Wedemeyer, Holmes, Yeas-Vogel, Armstrong, Grau.

Nays-None.

Carried Moved by Holmes and supported by Vogel that the following bills be accepted and orders drawn on treasurer for same. Yeas-Vogel, Wedemeyer, Holmes,

Armstrong, Grau. Nays-None.

Carried. A, Allison (1st. quarter \$ 250 Herth & Lehman (work)...... 1 75 Chelsea Electric Light Co. for May 141 85 Chelsea Electric Light Co. for June 179 00 H. S. Holmes, 2 days Board Review 4 00 R. S. Armstrong 2 days Board Review 4 00 O. T. Hoover, bill from old board..... 6 60 R. Green, marshal salary for June.... 35 00

The bill of B. Parker for making assessment roll and copy of old roll for \$59,00 was referred to finance committee.

Moved by Armstrong and supported by Vogel that the president, Village Attorney, and Health Officer be instructed to exami ne the condition of the public sewers and drains and in case any parties connecting are emptying into the same any fecal mat ter that it must be stopped at once or they will be cut off from the sewers and drains of the village.

Yeas-Vogel, Wedemeyer, Holmes, Armstrong, Grau. Nays-None.

Carried.

On motion board adjourned.

W. D. ARNOLD, Village Clerk.

The County Poor.

From the annual report of the Superin tendent of the Poor for Washtenaw County to the Secretary of State is gleaned the following items of information:

The whole number of paupers cared for at the County House during the year ending June 30, 1897, was 78. Of these there were 56 males and 22 temales, the average number cared for each day being 45. Of these were Insane 1, idiotic 4, blind 2, mute-3. Giving as American all whites born in this country, no matter of what Frank Forner left for Nonango, Dickey descent, the nationality is given as Amerilatto) 4. Italian 1.

During the year there were 10 deaths and no burials, the corpses being taken to Ann Arbor. In one instance the son and daughter of an old man, who were notified of his death, and that \$10 would give him a decent burial, neglected to furnish the means, and his remains shared the fate of the others.

Temporary relief was extended to 805 indigent persons, and 57 were permanently maintained outside the County House. The whole amount expended by the follows:

county for alms has been \$12,162 29. The cost of maintaining the County House was \$3,007 81.—Sentinel.

The Cigarette.

"Civilation should hold the aboriginal Aztec accountable for the baleful influences of the cigarette, declared Ramon G. Garcia of the City of Mexico to a St. Louis Republic interviewer. "It is wrong to attri The children of the late Michael Foster, bute the origin of the cigarette to the Spaniof investigation and I have established beyoud doubt that the Spaniards first got a whiff of the cigarette when they invaded Mexico under Cortez. The Aztecs then used tobacco in no other form and the Spaniards learned from them how to roll the little packages into smokeable shape. They introduced the cigarette into Europe and by that route it found its way into America, though it was nearly 200 years reaching here.

"The Aztecs were also using cocoa and its product, chocolate, when Cortez conquored them and it was not long until the whole of Europe was eating the various preparations of this bean. When the The children of St. Mary's Sunday school | Spaniards first tasted it they named it theobromus from the two Greek words meaning, 'food of the gods,' "

Bucklen's Arnica Salve.

The Best Salve in the world for Cuts, Bruises, Sores, Ulcers, Salt Rheum, Feyer Sores, Tetter, Chapped Hands, Chilblains, box. For sale by Glazier & Stimson.

G. W. Palmer.

PHYSICIAN

SURGEON. Office over Kempf's new bank. Chelses.

G. E. HATHAWAY,

DENTIST.

and Improved Methods Modern Practiced.

Office over Bank Drng Store.

Physician & Surgeon.

SPECIALTIES:-Diseases of the Nose, Throat, Eye and Ear. OFFICE Hours:-10 to 12 and

DENTISTRY in all its branches done in a very careful manner and as reasonable as firstclass work can be done. Crown and bridge work adjusted so as to be very useful. Where this cannot be used we make five different kinds of plates-gold, silver, alluminum, Watts metal and rubber. Special care given to children's teeth. Both gas and local anæsthetic used in extracting. Am here to stay. H. H. AVERY, D. D. S. Office over Kempf Bros'. Bank.

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The Great Construction of the Construction of

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LOW RATI stare, inclusivelend, streit, \$13 DAY Clwcen Connectining for all set and at 1 bothwest.

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FIRE! FIRE!!

If you want insurance call on Gillert & Crowell. We represent companies whose gross assets amount to the sum of \$45,000,000.

F. & A. M.

Regular meetings of Olive Lodge. No. 156, F. & A. M., for 1897:

Jan. 12; Feb. 16; Mar. 16; April 13; May 11; June 8, July 13; Aug-10; Sept. 7; Oct. 5; Nov. 2; annual meeting and election of officers Dec. 7. J. D. SCHNAITMAN, Sec.

The Parlor Barber Shop, Chelsea, Mich.

Good work and close attention to business is my motto. With this in view, I hope to secure, at least, part of your patronage.

GEO. EDER. Prop.

MICHIGAN CENTRAL

"The Niagara Falls Route."

Time table taking effect July 4th, 1197. 90th MERIDIAN TIME.

Passengers Trains on the Michigan Cen tral Railroad will leave Chelsea Station as

GOING EAST.

No 8-Detroit Night Express...5:20 A. M No 36-Atlantic Express7:00 A. M No 12-Grand Rapids Express.. 10:40 A. M. No 4-Mail and Express..... 3:15 P. M

GOING WEST.

No. 3-Mail and Express.....10.00 A. M No 13-Grand Rapids Express. . 6.30 r. M No 7-Chicago Night Express. 10.20 P. M No. 37 will stop at Chelsea for passen-

gers getting on at Detroit or east of

Detroit. E. A. WILLIAMS, Agent, Chelsea. O. W. RUGGLES, General Passenger and Ticket Agent, Chicago.

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Every light colored Wrapper 1-4 off.

Every Shirt Waist 1-4 off.

Every new 50 cent Shirt Waist 25 cents.

Good Gingham remnants. 10c quality, 5c.

12 1-2c dark wash goods, new, 6 1-4c.

Remnants 9 cents Outing 6 1-4c. See window.

New Laces, Kid Gloves, Carpets and Curtains just received. just received.

H. S. HOLMES MERCANTILE CO.

terick Patterns for September now on Sale.

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And get a Beautiful Crayon Picture

JNO. FARRELL

vill not be undersold.

Lovers of Good Bread---

DEVIEW IFOOM

None Better.

Every Sack Warranted. Premium with ery five empty sacks returned.

For sale only by

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e Coast Line to MACKINAC



MACKINAC DETROIT PETOSKEY CHICAGO

WSteel Passenger Steamers The Greatest Perfection yet attained in at Construction -Luxurious Equipment, that Parnishing, Decoration and Effication, insuring the highest degree of FORT, SPEED AND SAFETY FOUR TRIPS PER WEEK BETWEEN

Medo, Detroit and Mackinac PETOSKEY, "THE SOO," MARQUETTE

OW RATES to Picturesque Mackinac and ara, including Acals and Berths. From blind, \$18; from Toledo, \$15; from this DAY AND NIGHT SERVICE.

ween Detroit and Cleveland Connecting at Cleveland with Karliest his for all points East. South and South-st and at Detroit for all points North and threes.

ly Trips June, July, August and Sept. Only-EVERY DAY BETWEEN veland, Put-in-Bay Toledo Mor Illustrated Pamphlet. Address lemit & Cleveland Steam Nay. Co.

reats, and Trade-Marks obtained and all Patenducted for MODERATE FEES.

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and Your P's and Q's

and if you sav enough money you'll get rich. A good way to begin saving is to get your printing done at

HERALD - OFFICE. HE

Here and There.

Frank Barthel has returned home from

M. J. Noyes says that in this vicinity the crop will be good.

Arthur Judson, of Ann Arbor, is visit ing Chelsea friends.

Born. Aug. 7, I897, to Mr. and Mrs

Wm. Barr, of Saline, a son. Mrs. B. Winans is the guest of her daugher, at Lansing this week.

Mrs, Fred Heiler and son Julius, o Lansing are visiting freinds here.

Miss Grace and Reginald Gilbert, Howell, are visiting relatives here. Faye and Harry Moon, of South Lyons,

called on Chelsea friends this week, Miss L. Geraghty of Dexter was the guest of Miss Katie Staffan this week.

Mr. and Mrs. C. J. Chandler are entertaining Miss Kathrine Hirth of Toledo, O. The Y. O. G's had a picnic at Sugar-loaf lake. The members had an enjoyable

Mrs. Monaghan and daughter Mary of Chicago are guests of Mrs B, Keenan of Chelsea.

The 24th annual reunion of the 26th Ask to see the New Petticoats, Michigan infantry will be held at Lansing, Aug. 19.

H. Foster and wife, of Mt. Pleasant, called on relatives and friends here the

friends in Chicago for the past month, returned home Saturday.

About one hundred people from this vicinity are taking in the German Day celebration at Dexter to-day.

Miss Mabel McGuinness' who has been company with relatives at Portage Lake, went to Detroit last Friday for an extended visit.

Theophil, Adolph and Hanna Eisen, of Detroit, who were the guests of the Misses Monday.

Louis Hanson had a horse stolen from his barn in Munith Saturday evening. No! horse was valued at \$50.

The City Colts and Stove Factory clubs played a game of ball at Recreation Park last Saturday. The score stood 18 to 15 in favor of the Factory team.

A very sad death occurred at Grass Lake Sunday morning. The wife of Rev. F. Haigh, pastor of the First Congregational church died, leaving an infant son but a few hours old.

Mrs. C. H. Kempf and Miss Haarer returned the first of the week from California with glowing accounts of their visit through the Cascade Mts. yia the C. P. R.

Hattel Sharp's barn, three miles south east of Stockbridge was struck by lightening last Tuesday night, the fire spreading to wheat stacks and grain barn adjoining, entirely consuming both barns, 400 bushels of wheat, a quantity of beans and old corn. Insurance \$600.

and lived to womanhood at Pinckney. in benediction.

can says their must be lots of suffering ones among the sheep in that vicinity, caused by not having their wool clipped, and the there must be quite a lot of them which and the closing prices to-day, have not sheared for the owners told that as soon as they harvested their wool they would drop in and leave a little cash on subscription, and they have not yet called.

The market has advanced the past week on wheat and rye. Wheat now brings 75c as it runs but graded wheat would be worth a little more. The grades are being badly cut for smut and rye. Rye has advanced with wheat and would seem to be worth 371/2 cents per bushel. Oats have dropped back to the price of new oats which is about 17c, Beans have advanced are moving some at 60c, but they are being held generally for a farther advance, which seems probable. Barley has made no record yet. Potatoes continue at 75c, Huckleberries are nearing the end of the crop and bring 5c a quart. Blackberries bring 6 cents per quart. Butter 10c, eggs 7c. Wool stands at 15c for washed with unwashed crowded to 13c which is a farther advance. Receipts of grain mostly wheat, have been, and for some time will continue large on account of the contracts made. The late advance was unexpected and receipts will drop off when present contracts are filled as farmers seldom sell freely on an advancing market. No one can account for the late advance and there may be a drop at any time.

Wheat Crop.

Wheat has had a healthy range during the last week, the price of the September option-which is the one most traded influctuating from 74% to 78%.

From this high point there was a falling off of 8 cents only to be noted at Saturday's close, and to-day the opening was very strong at 76 to 75%, showing that the slump of Saturday which ran the price down to 751/4, was the result of local short trading, and not of any changes in the conditions which fix the intrinsic value of the cereal, The most potent of these couditions, according to advices by Schwartz, Dupee & Co., if the unquestionable shortage of the European crops, and to the causes for the advance already mentioned in this correspondence must be added the possbility that on account of a poor yield by her own grain provinces, Russia will prohibit the exportation of wheat: Should this occur, France and Germany, which take practically all the Russian export wheat, will be short about 100,000,000 bu. the amount exported from Russia in 1896 being 108,000,000 bu. The Russian crop this year, however, is from 25 to 50 per cent short of last season's production, so that in any event the exports will not be nearly as large as usual.

Erance, which is always alert on questions affecting its food supply has steadily led in the bidding for American wheat, and Paris cables this morning reported a slight advance. Liverpool was steady, Miss Cora Noyes, who has been visiting and the English are exhibiting their usual procrastination about coming into the market on an advance. They have for the last four years been so accustomed to seeing wheat on the decline that they are lothe to believe the present substantial rise a permanent one. Thus far the foreigners have made the American market since prices started up from the 65 cent mark,and this without much assistance from England-but should speculative buying on a large scale begin in this country present figures would look anything but high. Wackenhut the past week, returned home the price conditions which have now been established a sufficient length of time to make it seem reasonabl that they will be maintained until another crop is in sight trace of the thief has been found. The assure the American farmer about \$100,-000,000 more for his farm products than was obtained in 1896, and there is nothing apparent which can materially reduce business in these times we cannot hope to these figures, while much may occur to reach the goal of greater prefits in our busbroaden and strengthen the present market: | iness. The wide-awake and enterprising

til wleat advances to a figure at which are mending. There is no question in the there and especially of their return trip damage of a serious nature occurs better vantages over pasturing after the third prices are not looked for by traders.

In provisions the situation is considered to be statistically strong, although grices have for some time been at a low range. are 20,000,000 less ribs here now than a Mr. and Mrs J McGuiness attended the year ago, and while hog receipts have funeral of their niece, Miss Nellie Dolan been large it is claimed that hog cholera available hogs to market. This is especi-She was a most estimable girl, gentle, ally true of Missouri, and if the calculakind and unassuming. Her early but tions of those who believe in higher prices beautiful death brings sadness to many for hog products are correct the present friends, who will always hold her memory big run of hogs will stop very suddenly when the end comes and cause a quick ad-The editor of the Leslie, Local Republi- vance to figures much above the present

The following table shows the range last week of the principal commodities weather has been so warm too. He says dealt in on the Chicago Board of Trade

29 NT 25 SPT 25 S	Sept,	Mess Pork. 7,85@8.8914	7.70
2000 Table 2000	4	Lard-Per 100 lbs.	
	Sept.	4.20@4,55	4 25
		Ribs.	
	Sept,	4621/2@5 00	4.70
		Wheat	Close
		Range Last Week.	Tuesday
	Sept.	74%@78%	77
,		Corn.	
8	Sept.	26@29	265
l		Onts.	
•	Sept.	16%@1814	1658
		FINANCIAL.	
è	mile to	as been a most of old t	ima activi

iy and prosperity in the stock market, the Asthma, Hay Fevet, Pneumonia, Bronextent of the transactions and general chitis, La Grippe, Cold in the Head and character of the appreciation of securities for Consumption. It is safe for all ages, not having been approached in the last pleasant to take, and, above all, a sure four years. Conspicious among the lead- cure. It is always well to take Dr. ers were the grain-carrying roads of the King's New Life Pills in connection with west, and to-day they sold at the highest Dr. King's New Discovery, as they regupoint since the banic of 1893, Rock Island late and tone the stomach and bowels. going to 851%, Burlington to 3614 and St. We guarantee perfect satisfaction or re-Paul to 94.

well, Chicago Gas selling up to 103 and 50 cents and \$1. Tobacco to 94. Sugar has hung around 144 all the week.

List of Patents

Granted to Michigan inventors this week, reported by C. A. Snow & Co., solicitors of American and foreign patents, opposite United States patent office, Washington, D. C .:

H. L. Baker, Reed City, Roll-grinding machine. H. S. Bills, Ionia, Air-pump. R. Briggs, Melvin, Spark-arrester. F. M. Hopkins, Detroit, Book-case attachment. J. E. Murphy Adrian, Vehicle-brake. T. Murphy. Detroit, Self feeding furnace. T. C. Prouty, Midland, Door-hanger. H. Sanche, Detroit, Appratus for producing thermal results. J. J. Sullivan, Red Jacket, Extension mining-post, J. E. Tryon, Detroit, Autometic switch mechan-

For copy of any patent send 6 cents in postage stamps with date of this paper to C. A. Snow & Co, Washington.

Notice.

To the patrons of the Chelsea Water-Works Company.—We are now prepared to obtain for our patrons, fire insurance in thoroughly reliable companies on dwellings, barns and contents, at a little less than half the ruling rates in Chelses for the past five years.

Chelsea is now listed as one of the very best protected towns, by waterworks as far as extended, in Michigan.

Yours for health, comfort and protec-

CIELSEA WATERWORKS COMPANY.

Keeping Up Calves.

The practice of keeping calves housed

the first summer of their rives is becoming more and more general each year among progressive dairymen and beef raisers. those who are endeavoring to find profit in either of those branches of stock raising are finding out that protection from heat, flies, and dried pasture is apout the cheapest and most effective plan you can adopt, No doubt one principal reason why morecalves are housed, says Farmers' Advocate, is that it would involve a certain amount of regular labor in the shape of "chores" which so many object to in the summer season; but unless we take a lively, practical, and self sacrificing interest in our The immense crop of corn in sight and competitors who do things because they the surplus left over from the crops of should be be done and not draw the line at 1895-96 have acted as a deterrent to any a point where an undertaking adds to or marked advance in that cereal, and the takes from a little present personal comrange of prices has been small, as will be fort, are the ones that wear the hopeful seen by the tabular statement below. Un- expression today and declare that times there will be substitution of corn for that minds of those who have tried both plans cereal by European consumers, or crop but that indoor summering has great adweek in June. So far as turning the calves out a few weeks on the fresh pasture before the heat and flies become harmful is concerned, they can pe no great disadvant. The facts seem to be that in ribs, where age, rovided the calves are not less than most of the attacks by the bears have been six or seven weeks old and the pasture is made, facts warrant their action. There abundant and of good quality. Perfect liberty at this time along with fresh grass or clover, skim milk, and a lick of oat chop, oil cake or the like, will start the of Detroit, whose remains were brought to in several western states has so alarmed youngsters in the way to be profitable feed Dexter last Friday, Miss Dolan was born farmers that they are hurrying all their consumers. So long as these favoroble conditions exist in the pasture lot there is no advantage in making changes, but when the time comes that a cool, dark stable and mown clover or oats and tares would give the calves greater comfort; just at that time should such conditions be ad ministered. This is more particularly applicable to calves that are to become beefers, because we want to sell for money some time in the future every pound of gain our feed has made and not allow any of it to be lost after being once beneath the skin. With dairy calves rapid developement, when of a muscular character, is very important. A stunted animal is always much less profitable than it would have been had its growth been continuous because its digestion will be stronger and it will b come a larger, better-looking beast, with greater capacity for service.

Dr. King's New Discovery for Consumption.

This is the best medicine in the world for all forms of Coughs and Colds and for consumption. Every bottle is guaranteed. It will cure and not disappoint This has been a week of old-time activi- It has no equal for Whooping Cough, turn money. Free trial bottles at Glazier The industrial stocks have also done & Stimson's drug store. Regular size

Subscribe for tac Herald, \$1 per year.

Shot Three Times He Dies in Great Agony-His Last Words "Long Live Spain"-Europe Shaken by the Tragedy-Effect Upon Cuba.

Madrid, Aug. 9 .- Senor Canovas del Castillo, prime minister of Spain, was assassinated Sunday at Santa Agueda, by an anarchist. The murderer fired three shots, two of which struck the premier in the forehead and another in the chest. The wounded man fell dying at the feet of his wife, who was with him, lingering in agony for two hours and then passed away at three o'clock Eunday afternoon with the cry of "Long live Spain," which were the last words upon his lips.

Santa Agueda is noted for its baths. The place is between San Sebastian, the summer residence of the Spanish court and Vittoria, the capital of the province of Alava; about 30 miles south of Bilbao. The premier went there last Thursday to take a three weeks' course of the baths, after which he expected to return to San Sebastian to meet United States Minister Woodford when that gentleman should be officially received by the queen regent.

The assassin was immediately arrested. He is a Neapolitan and gives the name of Rinaldi, but it is believed that this is an assumed name and that his real name is Michele Angino Golli.

At a special meeting of the cabinet Sunday under the presidency of Senor Cos-Gayon, minister of the interior, the latter announced that he had been intrusted by the queen regent with the premiership ad interim.

An Anarchist Conspiracy.

The murderer declares that he killed Senor Canovas "in accomplishment of a just vengeance," and that the deed is the outcome of a vast anarchist conspiracy. He is believed to have arrived at Santa Agueda the same day as the premier, and he was frequently seen lurking in the passages of the bathing establishment in a suspicious manner.

Senor Sagasta, the liberal leader, has sent the following telegram to the government: "I have heard with deep pain of the crime that has thrown us all into mourning, and I place myself at the orders of the government and of the queen." Most of the liberal leaders have sent similar messages, placing themselves at the disposal of the govern-

Shot Three Times.

The queen regent on hearing the sad news dispatched her physician, Dr. Bustos, by a special train from San Sebas tian. Later, on learning that Canovas was dead, she wired her condolences to the widow.

The health of Senor Canovas had improved greatly of late. He had been leading a very quiet life, although he attended to the business of state. At the moment of the assassination he was waiting in the gallery of the bathing establishment for his wife, who was to join him for lunch. Suddenly the assassin, who had the appearance of an ordinary visitor, approached and fired at him point blank, one bullet passing through the body and coming out behind under the left shoulder, and the other two lodging in the head. He fell instantly and only recovered consciousness long enough to speak a few words.

Died in Two Hours.

Several medical men and his wife were unremitting in their attentions to the sufferer, but his wounds, unhappily, were mortal and he died in two hours. Extreme unction was administered amid a scene of mingled sorrow and indignation. The assassin narrowly escaped lynching at the hands of the waiters and attendants who rushed forward. Detectives and civil guards immediately secured him. He was very pale, trembled violently and evidently feared that he would be killed on the spot. He will be first arraigned before the local magistrates at Vergara.

The roar of the revolver was heard in every part of the establishment, and the attendants rushed to the scene of the tragedy. Senora Canovas flung open the door of her dressing-room and caught her husband as he fell. The horror of it all overcame her and she swooned and fell over him. For a few minutes only did the prime minister recover consciousness. Then he opened his eyes, dulled with agony, and murmured the words: "Long live Spain!"

Great Indignation. The queen regent and all the members of the cabinet will return here today. Her majesty has intrusted the presidency of the council to Gen. Azcarraga, minister of war, and the cortes will be summoned to reassemble on Tuesday. The greatest excitement and indignation prevail among all classes. All the members of the diplomatic corps have expressed their sympathy with the government. Many senators, deputies and generals, while expressing their grief and indignation, have offered to render to the government all the assistance in their power.

Europe Shaken by the News. The terrible news swept over Spain and the people went into mourning for the victim of the awful crime. Europe was shaken by the story of the assassination, and words of sorrow and sympathy were flashed from every court. The revolutionists in Spain were silenced and the liberals, who had fought the monarchist leader, were horrified at the crime. Senor Canovas passed through the storm and stress of a min-

isterial crisis only two months ago. patronage of Senora Rios, Rosas and Pa His cabinet was again in the saddle. checo, as chief editor of the Patria, in the had won a victory over his political which he defended conservative ideas He had won a victory over his political opponents. His plans for the suppresston of the rebellion in Cuba and the reestablishment of Spanish supremacy in the Philippine islands were strength-

THE NEWS IN WASHINGTON.

Views of Secretary Sherman and Senator Morgan.

Washington, Aug. 9 .- It is not known whether the government has received formal notification of Premier Canovas' assassination, but it probably has. Immediately the state, according to its usual custom, will announce the event to the president and the latter will, in some way, make formal and public expression regarding the government's deep regret. Just in what form this expression will be couched is not known, for precedents differ, but it doubtless will be a dispatch to the Spanish government, simple and sympathetic in its

Secretary of State Sherman received the first news of the affair through press bulletins. He expressed deep interest in the details. He said that the deplorable event would have some effect on the political affairs of Spain, but to what extent he could not say. As to the consequences on the conflict in Cuba he did not care to talk. Premier Canovas, he said, was a strong partisan. He was the chief exponent of the element which was determined to keep Cuba at all hazards. Seemingly Spain was almost a unit on this. Canovas was a strong factor in the government of Spain, but it was not impossible that another would be found to replace him in that important office having similar views and the same pronounced ideas. How it might be in this case he was not able to say, but the effects politically of such an event were not essentially far reaching and had not always produced radical developments.

Senator Morgan, of Alabama, a member of the foreign affairs committee of the senate and the champion of Cuba in that body, predicted in an interview that the assassination might be the forerunner of a complete change of government, a republic replacing the monarchy.

This, he thought, was the present tendency and the sad event he regarded as an evidence of the disintegration of the Spanish government.

WILL HELP CUBA'S CAUSE.

Sympathizers Think Insurgents Have Cause to Rejoice.

New York, Aug. 9 .- Emilio Agramonte, president of the Jose Marti revolutionary club and the Marti Charity organization, of this city, heard the news of the killing of Premier Canovas at his home. He thought Sagasta would be the successor of Canovas. He thought the death of Canovas could not but help the cause of Cuba.

The news of the assassination of Senor Canovas was received at the Hispano-Americano hotel, where the guests are both Cuban and Spanish, without much apparent surprise. Few of the guests cared to discuss the matter. C. Ricardo Aleman, a lawyer from Cuba on a visit here, who is a Spariard and a loyalist, said he did not think the killing of the premier would have any influence on Cuban affairs or was brought about by the Cuban trouble. It was planned and carried out, he said, by anarchists and meant no more than an assassination of the same character in any other country. It was the work of anarchists, he believed, seeking to. remove another influential head of a

President Hears the News.

Hotel Champlain, N. Y., Aug. 9.-The presidential party spent the greater premiership. part of the day quietly in the hotel. In the morning the president, Vice President and Mrs. Hobart, Secretary and Mrs. Alger and Mr. and Mrs. Whitelaw Reid attended services in the First Presbyterian church, Rev. Dr. Reed, formerly pastor of Secretary and Mrs. Alger in Detroit, officiating. When informed of the assassination of the

EXCITEMENT IN HAVANA.

Enormous Crowds Gather to Learn All the Cable News.

Key West, Fla., Aug. 9 .- Intense excitement prevails in Havana over the news of Premier Canovas' assassination. Enormous crowds assembled bebulletins about the murder of the prime minister. Among the Spanish of all classes most profound sorrow was exto be estimated at this time. All recognize that its bearing on affairs in Cuba is of the greatest moment, but of necessity comment on this point is most guarded. The insurgent party is confident that the death of Canovas means the downfall of the conservative government, the recall of Weyler and the freedom of Cuba. Capt. Gen Weyler was summoned to Havana by Marquis Palmarola, his secretary, immediately after the receipt of the cable announcing the assassination of Canovas.

LIFE OF CANOVAS.

How He Rose from the Masses to Head of the Ministry.

About this time he published a volume of lyric poems and a series of historical papers. He was in doubt whether to follow a literary or a political career, but soon found himself turned to politics by the course of events. In 1852 he was named deputy for Malaga, and from that time to his death had never cassed to occopy a seat in the cortes. In 1856 he was charge seat in the cortes. In 1856 he was charge d'affaires at Rome and prepared the historical memorandum on the relations of Spain with the holy see which served as a basis for the concordat.

After serving the crown as governor of Cadiz in 1855, director-general of the adninistration from 1858 to 1861, and lastly in that same year, as under-secretary of state for the interior, the queen called him to the ministry as a member of the Mon cabinet. In 1865 he held the portfolios of finance and the colonies in the O'Donneis cabinet, and it devolved upon him to draw up the law for the abolition of the slave trade. Shortly before the revolution of 1868 he became especially conspicuous as one of the last to defend with energy in the cortes the principle of blending liberal and conciliatory ideas with the constitutional monarchy, when all the parties that had supported this political doctrine had de-serted the parliament.

His Title to Fame.

He was banished a short time before the revolution occurred, and took no part in it. In the face of the triumphant revolution. after his return from exile and in the full constituent assembly of 1868, supported by Senors Elduayem, Bugallel and two others, he hoisted the standard of legitimate and constitutional monarchy. This is his greatest title to fame. His fidelity and ability finally secured for him the supreme direction of the Alfonsist party and on the proclamation of Alfonso XII. as king on December 31, 1874, Senor Canovas del Castillo became president of the council and chief of the new cabinet, called the cabinet of conciliation. He retired in September, 1875, because of the demands of the extreme conservative party, but he was called back to the presidency of the council on December 2 of the same year charged particularly with the direction of the first legislative elections of the new regime. He was himself elected to the cortes from the city of Madrid in January, 1876. It devolved upon him then to repress the second attempt of the Carlists to bring on a civil war and to deal with the first insurrection in Cuba

With the exception of an interval of a few months he continued to hold the premiership down to 1879, when, on the return of Marshal Martinez Campos from Cuba, he retired from the premiership, and was succeeded by Campos, who accepted as his colleagues the principal associates of Senor Canovas. The opposition raised to the policy of Campos soon forced him to retire. Senor Canovas skillfully resisted, delayed and finally defeated the free trade and emancipation projects of Campos. On the reassembling of the cortes in December, 1879, Campos gave up the attempt to conduct the government, and Senor Canovas formed a new cabinet on December 10, with a second Cuban insurrection to be dealt with. He charged Gen. Blanco with this task, but the reactionary tendency of his home policy became more and more marked until the financial projects in which he wished to embark drew upon him the bitter attacks not only of Castelar and the republicans, but also those of Campos and Sagasta, and he was compelled to resign. In 1881 he returned again to power, but his conservative cabinet was speedily overthrown and a coalition gov ernment with Sagasta and Campos at its head took the reins of affairs.

Returned to Power Again.

At the general election of the same year e was returned to the court and from Madrid, and became the chief and spokesman of the intermediate party, known as the party of conservative liberals. On January 18, 1884, he was called upon to form a conservative ministry. In order to secure a majority devoted, like himself, to ideas f order and of liberty, in harmony with the monarchical principle, he dissolved the cortes, and the new elections resulted favorably. But on November 26, 1885, on the question of the occupation of the Caroline slands by Germany, he was again compelled to resign, being succeeded by Senor Sagasta. The same day he was elected president of the chamber by 222 votes against 112 cast for Senor Romero Robledo, and he signalized his entrance upon his new functions by a funeral eulogy of King Alfonso XIII., who had died the previous day. In 1890 another reversal brought him back into power, and on July 5 he took the presidency of a conservative cabinet, replacing the liberal ministry of Sagasta. Two years later the pendulum swung to the opposite extreme, and the liberals, under Senor Sagasta, won the general elections, and retained power until 1895, when disagreements in the Sagasta cabinet led the queen to summon Canovas again to the

His Last Recall.

Canovas came last into power on Februry 7, 1895. A number of officers had broken and pillaged the offices of various newspapers which had made insinuations against the conduct of officers engaged in suppressing the Cuban revolt. The war minister seemed to support the officers, whereas the premier, Senor Sagasta, ordered the jour-nalists to be protected. This led to the retirement of the ministry. Marshal Camprime minister of Spain, the president of Madrid, and the greatest excitement was horrified but refused to make any prevailed. Finally Senor Canovas formed a ministry, although he lacked the support

of a section of the conservative party. The government was defeated on a vote of censure on June 3, 1895, but did not resign. The general elections of April, 1896, returned an overwhelming majority to the cortes in favor of the policy of the Canovas cabinet, though the opposition charged that the ministerialists carried many of the election districts by gross frauds. June 2 last Senor Canovas tendered the resignation of the cabinet, owfore all the newspaper offices to read ing to the difficulty the ministers experienced in carrying on the government in view of the parliamentary situation caused by the refusal of the liberals to take part the deliberations of the cortes. This pressed. It was everywhere pronounced attitude of the liberals was due to a perto be a calamity of too great magnitude sonal encounter between the duke of Tetuan, minister of foreign affairs, and Prof. Comas, a distinguished liberal sen-ator, May 21, when the duke slapped the face of the professor, after a heated de-bate on the Morgan resolution adopted by the United States senate. After four days of conference with the leaders of all political parties, the queen-regent requested him to withdraw the resignation of the cabinet, and he did so, being confirmed by the crown in his ministerial powers with the personnel and policy of the cab-

His Career as an Author.

Senor Canovas was the author of numerous works in moral and political science, and of a "History of the House of Aus-tria," which is in high repute, and a "His tory of the Decline of Spain from the Accession of Philip III. to the Death of Charles II," which ranks favorably among works of its class from Spanish writers.

NATIONAL BANKS.

Their Growth and Prosperity Shown by Recent Reports.

Washington, Aug. 6 .- The abstract of reports of condition of national banks on May 14 is accompanied by a diagram prepared jointly by the comptroller of the currency and the chief of the bureau of statistics. The diagram displays graphically the growth and changes in the principal items of resources of national banks from 1864 to 1896 inclusive. In October, 1864, the capital of the 508 banks amounted to \$86,-800,000; a year later the number of banks had increased to 1,513 and the capital to \$393,000,000. The capital gradually increased to \$504,800,000 on October 1, 1875, the highest point reached until 1883, when it amounted to \$509,700,000. The increase thereafter was gradual until 1892, when the highest point was reached, namely, \$686,-00,000. In the fall of 1896 the amount had declined to \$648,500,000. Loans and discounts reached their

maximum between 1864 and 1880; in 1875 the amount was \$984,700,000. In 1880 that amount was exceeded by \$56,-500,000; with an exception from that date to 1892 there was a rapid increase, and the highest point ever reached was in October, 1892, namely, \$2,171,000,000. In 1893 there was a drop to \$1,843,600,-000, but a recover in 1895 to \$2,559,400,-000. In the fall of 1896 there was a decline to \$1,893,300,000.

The deposits have fluctuated to about the same extent as loans and discounts. The maximum being reached in 1892 when they amounted to \$1,779,300,-000. In the following year deposits declined to \$1,465,400,000 and reacted the following year to \$1,742,100,000. The circulation outstanding in 1866 reached \$290,000,000 and the highest point was reached in 1873, the amount being \$341,-000,000. The minimum amount outstanding is shown to have been \$122,-900,000 in October, 1890. At the close of the report of the year 1896 the amount had risen to \$209,900,000.

The average per capita of banking funds of all national banks in the United States in 1896 is shown to be \$37.14, varying from a minimum of \$2.72 in Arkansas to a maximum of \$120.59 in Massachusetts. The diagram shows the average in each state. The diagram also shows by states and geographical divisions the capital, deposits and loans of all national banks and in addition an illustration of the changes in the various classes of paper money in circulation from 1864 to 1896. The chart is being sent to all national banks and leading newspapers.

VICTORIA'S ADDRESS

Parliament Prorogued in a Brief Speech from the Throne.

London, Aug. 7. - Parliament was prorogued Friday afternoon by a speech from the throne, in which Queen Victoria briefly reviewed the relations of Great Britain with other nations. No reference was made to the failure of the United States senate to adopt the Anglo-American arbitration treaty, nor was the Behring sea sealing controversy touched upon in any shape. Regret was expressed that King George of Greece hastened into disastrous war with Turkey, against the earnest advice of the powers, but the signing of the peace treaty, with only slight modifications of the frontier and an adequate indemnity, was predicted in the near future. Grateful thanks were extended to the colonies and to India for the manner in which their loyalty was evinced by their accredited representatives to the jubilee ceremonies, and special stress was laid upon the fiscal legislation of Canada as an additional proof of attachment to the mother country.

Wanted to Kill Rev. Hale.

Boston, Aug. 6. - A special to the Globe from Providence says: The suspect in Kingston jail on the supposition that he had something to do with the burglary at the residence of R. G. Dunn recently has been identified as William Collier, a theological student from Memphis, Tenn., and a letter received from his father conveyed the information that the young man was crazy. It was learned that young Collier had come to Rhode Island for the avowed purpose of assassinating Rev. Edward Everett Hale, the well-known Unitarian clergyman of Boston, whose summer home is at Matunuck. Collier declares that he came here to kill Dr. Hale because he had been teaching a false religion. He also claims to be the Messiah.

Acquitted.

St. Paul, Minn., Aug. 4.—Albert Schaffer, president of the Allemania bank of St. Paul, who was indicted for having overdrawn his account at the time the bank failed, has just been tried in the district court. At the conclusion of the trial the jury, under direct instructions from the judge, rendered a verdict of acquittal. It was found upon examination that the bank was actually indebted to Mr. Schaffer instead of the re-

Whites in Department Go Out. Atlanta, Ga., Augt 6.—Henry A. Rucker, the negro recently appointed collector of internal revenue for the district of Georgia, took the oath and assumed charge of the office Thursday afternoon, Collector Paul Trammel retiring. Six white men in the collector's department announced that they would go out of office with Mr. Trammel, declining to serve under a negro collector.

THE CORN CHOP.

Heat Does No Damage in Nebraska Kansas Not So Lucky.

Omaha, Neb., Aug. 3.-Copious rain have fallen all over Nebraska, putting an end to the hottest period of weather experienced in many years. The graoperators of Kansas City, St. Louis, Chi cago and the east have been wiring the grain men of Nebraska to ascertain the effect of the heat on the corn. Ever county has been heard from and no one reports damage. In fact, all return the most flattering reports of the con erop. So much so that the first estimate of 300,000,000 bushels is now raise to 350,000,000 bushels. The heavy, warm winds have blown furiously over the state for the past three days, with the mercury as high as 112 in some locals ties. The corn has not shown any bad effect. This is due to the great quantity of moisture previously deposited All the old corn held over from last year through fear of a crop failure this year is now being released with a rush Farmers have 140,000,000 bushels of this old grain and cannot get cars fast enough to get it out. Emporia, Kan., Aug. 3.-Hot winds in

Lyon and adjoining counties have dried and burned up everything in the way of crops. Corn will not average a bushel to the acre and is unfit for fodder. Cattlemen here are desperate, as there is no pasture, and are rushing eattle to market until there are not cars enough to meet the demand. The apple crop, which promised so well, has also been destroyed within the past few days. Even kaffir corn and cane are shriveled up, but the farmers claim they will recover with the first rain, These and alfalfa are about all there is hope for now.

Kansas City, Mo., Aug. 3.—Reports as to the condition of the corn crop in Kansas and western Missouri continue to be discouraging. Throughout the district the weather continues scorching hot and nothing but a soaking rain can save the crop.

A REMARKABLE SHOWING.

Nebraska in the Front Rank as a Wheat-Producing State

This year Nebraska has come to the very front rank as a wheat producing state, with her splendid crop of 35,000, 000 bushels of spring wheat, averaging over 22 bushels to the acre, and 5,000, 000 bushels of winter wheat, which will average 21 bushels to the acre. The table given below, which has been carefully compiled, shows, what will surprise many, that Nebraska stands third among the states as a wheat producer, and it must be borne in mind that the states that outrank her are almost exclusively wheat states, whereas Nebraska is a country of diversified crops, corn being her principal product.

Actual figures for 1896 and conserva-

	1897.	1896.
Minnesota	55,000,000	46,599,061
Nebraska	40 000 000	19,390,602
North Dakota	42.000.000	29,848,501
Ransas	40 000 000	30,794,453
South Dakota	35,000,000	27,583,450
Indian territory	6:000.000	2,500,000
Okianoma	7,000,000	2,601,755
Texas	7.000.000	4,529,210
Missouri	10,000,000	16,594,473
10wa	10.000.000	11,473,1az
Oregon	18,000,000	10,247,141
Arkansas	2,600,000	1,260,720
California	35,000,000	45,097,195
Colorado	4,000,000	2,797,183
Washington	10,000,000	8,358,192
Nevada	200,000	180,030
Idaho	1,700,000	2,404,112
Montana	800,000	1,204.240
Wyoming	160,000	224,126
New Mexico	650,000	818,000
Utah Arizona	1,600,000	2,803,753 333,500

STRIKE SOON SETTLED.

Some Quarrymen at Lamont, Ill., Se-

cure a Raise. Chicago, Aug. 3 .- A sudden, peaceable and successful strike was inaugurated and concluded by the men employed in the big stone quarries at Lemont Monday. A demand was made for an increase in wages from \$1.25 to \$1.50 per day—the latter being the wages paid one year ago-and 500 men quit their work until their demand was granted by the companies. At two o'clock in the afternoon the Western Stone company acceded to the demand and the other companies followed suit. Work will be resumed in all the quarries this morning. A strike of the workers in the quarries of the Joliet Limestone company followed that of the workers at Lemont. Following the lead of the Western Stone company, the Joliet company also granted the demand of the men for an increase of 25 cents for a day's work of ten hours.

A FARMER SLAIN.

Minnesota Woman Beats Her Husband

to Death. Redwood Falls, Minn., Aug. 3 .- John O'Connell, a well-known farmer and prominent politician of Westling township, Redwood county, was murdered between 12 and one o'clock Saturday morning at his farmhouse. Seven gashes in his scalp by some blunt iron instrument were the immediate cause of death. After the blows had been inflicted O'Connell's clothing was saturated with kerosene and his home was set on fire. Statements of three of the eldest of nine children made to the county authorities are to the effect that Mrs. O'Connell, wife of the murdered man, was the sole author of the tragedy. His wife's antipathy to drink was strong and his abuse of her and the children while under its influence may have driven her temporarily insane and caused her to commit the

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abor-Saving Devices Have Made Its Gathering Easy.

Harvesting the corn crop is being ade easier every year by improvenents in labor-saving machinery and ices. Large commercial crops are out tied and left in straight rows by the improved corn harvester, while the andles placed in shocks or stooks of 1 to 20 bundles to cure are then drawn to the barn and run through the shreder. Farmers who cannot afford the hiest and improved machinery, or who here small areas of corn, cut by sled s illustrated below, or by hand cutter. The armfuls thus cut have to be tied in bundles, various materials being used for this purpose, some using two or three cornstalks, others a small andful of long, strong straw, swamp rass or willows. But whether cut by proved machinery or by hand cutter, the large bundles, shocks or stooks have to be securely fastened to with-

To make a corn cutter, as portrayed brewith, make a platform with runpers six feet long and two inches thick; the higher the runners the higher it



HOMEMADE CORN CUTTER,

vill cut; eight-inch plank should do. Mortise three crosspieces of two by four into top of runners. Nail boards on cross ties to make a platform 30 inches wide and nearly six feet long. Get a good steel knife and make it very harp, say 22 inches long and five inches wide. Bevel the edge from the bottom or underside. Have a rod made with an eye in the center and curved, in order to fasten either end to a runper and hitch a horse in the center. This rod should be of one-half inch round iron, and long enough to work picely, as shown at a. Bore a hole in platform or runner, and put in a stake about six inches high (b) even across with the base of rod (c). Another stake of the same size, but 20 inches high on the right side of platform near the edge, and 21 inches from the front of platform (d). Take a rod of five-eighthinch iron 67 inches long and weld a piece of flat iron one-half inch thick and eight inches long to the end of it, bolt the flat piece to platform (13 inches from center to back of platform), and bend the rod forward 17 inches above the platform, as in e. Bend the rod so as to have it extend out over the edge of the platform, over and back of the mife (h), then bend the rod in so as to extend about two inches over the platform at the center two by four cross brace (f). From there bend the rod out to g. Be sure to have it carry the same height all the time.

The bends in the rod are made in order to bring in the corn and lay it cross the platform without the help of a man. In this way the danger of standing over the knife is averted. Nail a small stick something like a ath from top of stake d to the outide runner a few inches ahead of the knife. Bolt the knife to platform. about 26 inches from back part of platform with two bolts, and have the knife slant back considerably. I put a scrap piece of two-inch plank under the platform at c and h, to make the platform more solid where the large rod and knife were bolted fast. The large rod from g to e should be with bends 50 about five inches. Hitch on a quiet horse, hang the lines on d and ride on rear of platform, and when a large pile of corn is cut and laid across the sled, stop and shock it up.-Farm and Home.

WOMEN AS FARMERS.

Peculiar Scheme to Be Inaugurated by a Nebraska Woman.

Mrs. Hattie N. Bemis, of Arabia,

Neb., does not see why women should not be successful as farmers, and announces that she is going to try the experiment if she can get a dozen women to assist her. She owns a large tract of land in northwestern Nebraska which she says she intends to give to 12 deserving widows of northwestern larmers. In return she will require them to cultivate it without man's assistance. She says she will start them out with all the machinery they need, sufficient supply of cattle, horses, swine and poultry to serve as a nest egg, and money to last them until the arst harvest can be disposed of. She admits that the climate is dry, but pro-Poses to instruct her wards in the operation of a system of soil culture by which method experiments have proved the rainfall of the section is sufficient to insure bountiful crops. The nearest the women will be allowed to come to dealings with men is to sell the crops to them. If Mrs. Bemis ever learns that a man has been employed about the premises the farms will revert to her. Any member of the community who marries will also forfeit her title to a share in the property.—Chicago

When bees are building comb or of water.

HIGH-CLASS POULTRY.

Why the Progressive Farmer Will Raise No Other Kind.

No man has a better chance to keep high-class poultry than the farmer. He has unlimited range for them, and this is conducive to health and best results in rearing the young. He produces at first cost every necessary food product that goes to keep a flock during the year, and no one who desires to purchase eggs for hatching would ever buy of a breeder who keeps his fowls penned up if he knew where he could get eggs from farm-kept fowls.

There is just as good a market for high-class poultry as there is for poultry for market, and the demand is always good for good stock. The farmer who keeps this kind of poultry has two chances to make money. His flock will be profitable as an investment at market prices, and he will make many sales without effort at much above market

It is no trouble at all, as the writer knows from experience, to get from 50 cents to one dollar a dozen for eggs from high-class hens during the hatching season, and even at the smaller price there is an immense profit in the busi-

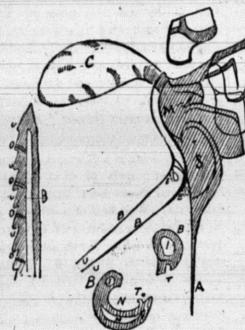
With the better care that is always given to good stock comes a greater return in eggs and meat for the feed used. and here is an additional profit on the transaction.

There is no excuse in these days that justifies any farmer in allowing his flock of hens to remain mongrels. The man who does this is standing in his own light and does not live up to his opportunities. It does not need fancy houses, elaborate systems of yards nor extraordinary skill in breeding to make a success with fine poultry. Plain, hard common sense, such as is needed to raise good crops and conduct any farm successfully, is better than any number of nice theories which are of no practical value.-Farmers' Voice.

THE STING OF A BEE.

It Is a Very Complicated and Delicate Structure.

The organ of defense which worker bees possess is a very complicated structure. The sting is composed of two highly polished, sharp hollow spears or lancets, B B, and an awl, A, as portrayed in the cut, held firmly together by projections T on the central one, which fit into grooves T on the sides of the other two. These lancets lying together form a tube between them. The central lance A, sometimes called the sheath, is larger than the others and has a cylindrical reservoir S at its base which connects with the poison sac C, by the tube M, and below



STRUCTURE OF A BEE'S STING.

by a slit with the tube made by the joinfaches long. Directly across it is 48 ing of the three lancets. The smaller inches, thus using two inches for bends. lancets, BB, have at their bases peculiar The large rod is outside of stake d valves, E E. Their points are barbed, U U, in the sectional drawing, which also shows the tube in the lancet, and the openings, O O, connecting the tube with the exterior. These barbs catch and hold, causing the sting to be left in when it is used. The poison is driven through the openings and through the tube formed by the lance, into the obsac C. Being acid an alkali, as ammonia or soda, will neutralize it and help to allay the pain and swelling .-Farm and Home.

HINTS FOR BEEKEEPERS.

Shade the hives when the weather is

Put starters of thin foundation in the

section boxes. Look out for robbers when the har-

vest becomes scarce. Basswood is the greatest honey pro-

ducer while in bloom. Remove all frames filled with brood from the brood chamber.

Put the honey in the driest, warmest room about the house.

If exposed to cold or dampness honey

will granulate in the cells. Strong colonies at the proper time in-

sure a good honey harvest. If you work for extracted be careful not to extract too close, A little pine tar smeared on a board

will drive ants from the hive. A weak solution of carbolic acid and

salt is a good remedy for bee stings. Where the honey is extracted a large number of extra combs are necessary. The only way to keep drones for any length of time is to keep hem in

queenless colonies. St. Louis Republic.

BETTER DAYS DAWN.

July Shows Fewer Failures Than Any Month Since 1892.

New York, Aug. 7. - R. G. Dun & Co., in their weekly review of trade, say: "Four years ago, August 5, 1893, the first number of Dun's Review was issued, with failures in that month amounting to over 50,000,000, while in the month just closed failures have been only \$7,117,727, the smallest in any month since 1892. The smallest in any month since 1892. The statement of failures by classes of busi-ness for July and for 46 months shows that in manufacturing failures have been smaller than in any other months of the entire period, in trading smaller than in any other month except one, and in many branches of each department smaller than in most months of which records exist.

"The pessimists who pronounced reports of gain fictitious and misrepresenting have grown weary of their dismals and begin to see the dawn of better days. Last month was the first in four years of which the volume of business reported by clearing houses was larger than in the same month of 1892, and the telegraphic dispatches from all parts of the country given this week show a gratifying improvement. This is partly due to a large yield of wheat and good prices, though the crop is probably not as large nor are prices thus far as high as in 1892, but of cotton the price is higher and the yield probably larger than, in that year. Other farm products are realizing good prices, and the possible decrease in the yield of corn may help to market the enormous surplus brought over from last year. Liquidation of a powerful combination in wheat brought a reaction of 3 cents on Thursday, but a gain of 1½ cents occurred the day following.

"It is the wrong season to expect much from industries, and yet there has been material increase in the number of hands employed in the iron manufacture because of the satisfactory adjustment of wages dispute with the Amalgamated association and the opening of numerous establishments which have been waiting, while the coal miners' strike seems each day more likely to end in a permanent settlement beneficial to both parties. Meanwhile the demand for most finished products is steadily increasing, the feature this week being large pipe contracts for Russian oil fields, Sumatra and Germany. While consumption does not equal the capacity of the works in operation, and prices of iron and steel products average slightly lower, the situation is altogether more

FATAL WORK OF FLAMES.

Grain Elevator in Chicago on Fire -Four Lives Lost.

Chicago, Aug. 6 .- Three dead firemen one unidentified man killed by being blown into the river and 51 other firemen injured is the terrible record of the disaster which attended the destruction of the Northwestern elevator at Indiana street and the river Thursday night. The fire was the worst that the department has handled since the fatal blaze at the cold storage building in the world's fair grounds. In the 51 firemen who are hurt were included Chief Swenie, Assistant Chiefs Musham and Campion and Battalion Chief Anderson. These leaders were more or less severely hurt and burned, while some of their men will die.

Death came to the brave fire fighters in an explosion of hot air. Thousands of spectators had gathered close about the structure and the flying pieces of brick and heavy sections of corrugated iron crushed down dozens of men and boys, whose names the police were not able to learn.

The loss on the elevator and its contents was \$350,000, insured for \$300,000. The damage to surrounding property will be about \$17,500, with an insurance of about \$10,000. The elevator was wrecked by the explosion and as much of the 135,000 bushels of grain that it contained which did not fall into the river was consumed by the flames.

Wedding Frolic Ends Disastrously. Cincinnati, Aug. 6. - Otto Adler kept an all-night restaurant in the lower story of the house in which three men and one woman perished Thursday morning. There were 17 men and women in one room in the second story of this house. The occupants of the building refuse all information. None of the dead were burned. They were suffocated by smoke from the fire in adjacent rooms. The only exit for escape was blocked by a bathtub set up on end at the head of the stairway. The smoke came from an adjacent room where the fire was soon extinguished. It seems that it was a wedding frolic, in which Guth, one of the dead men, was ject stung. This poison is an acid fluid the bridegroom, and the daughter of which the bee secrets and stores in the Landlord Adler was the bride. Still there is some doubt as to who is the bride, as there is about nearly all the particulars in the case. The celebrants of the wedding used beer and cigarettes very freely and it is now supposed that cigarettes started the fire and that beer started the somnolence, which, with the up-ended bathtub, were indirect causes of so much fatality.

Made a New Record.

Omaha, Neb., Aug. 6 .- The Union Pacific officials are pluming themselves on a new long distance record. Engineer Thomas Grogan, with engine 890, pulled a special from Evanston, Wyo., to Omaha, 955 miles, in 24 hours, including all stops. This is claimed as the record long run for a single engine. The final spurt of the run was a remarkable burst of speed, the distance from North Platte to Omaha, 291 miles, being covered in 279 minutes, at the rate of 63.49 miles per hour. The engine was built at the Omaha shops.

Equals Gentry's Time.

Columbus, O., Aug. 7. - The free-forall pace on Friday was a surprise. There were four starters-Joe Patchen, Star Pointer, Lottie Lorrain and Badge. Patchen not only won the race on its merits, but paced the fastest mile ever made in the grand circuit, equaling the world's record of 2:011/2, made by John R. Gentry, at Glens Falls.

An Abominable Legacy.

At Abominable Legacy.

A tendency to rheumatism is undoubtedly inherited. Unlike many other legacies, it remains in the family. The most effectual means of checking this tendency, or of removing incipient rheumatism, whether preexistent in the blood or not, is to resort to Hostetter's Stomach Bitters as soon as the premonitory twinges are felt. Nullifying the influences of cold, exposure and fatigue, the Bitters not only fortifies the system against their hurtful consequences, but subjugates malaria, liver and kidney complaint, dyspepsia and nerve disquietude.

A Widow's Way.

He—They say that wedding rings are going out of fashion.
She—Oh, I don't care. If you wish to dis pense with the ring, dear, it will make no difference to me. But why didn't you give me some warning of what you were about to say? This is so sudden."

Then he thought of home and mother, but it was too late.—Cleveland Leader.

Try Allen's Foot-Ease,

A powder to be shaken into the shoes. this season your feet feel swollen and hot, and get tired easily. If you have smarting feet or tight shoes, try Allen's Foot-Ease. It cools the feet and makes walking easy. Cures and prevents swollen and sweating feet, blisters and callous spots. Relieves corns and bunions of all pain and gives rest and comfort. Try it to-day. Sold by all druggists and shoe stores for 25c. Trial package FREE. Address, Allen S. Olmsted, Le Roy, N. Y.

The Bicycle Girl. "I'm sure I'll never be able to walk up

the aisle with papa."
"Why not, my child?"
"Papa is so ridiculously low-geared."—
Cleveland Plain Dealer.

Try Grain-O! Try Grain-O!

Ask your grocer to-day to show you a package of GRAIN-O, the new food drink that takes the place of coffee. The children may drink it without injury as well as the adult. All who try it like it. GRAIN-O has that rich seal brown of Mocha or Java but it is made from pure grains, and the most delicate stomachs receive it without distress. 1-4 the price of coffee. 15c and 25 cts. per package. Sold by all grocers.

Most men have something the matter with them from some accident that occurred years ago.-Washington Democrat.

How to Get Well.

Send for free pamphlet. Garfield Park San-itarium, 1776 Washington boulv'd, Chicago.

will be delighted with the souvenir book of this beautiful spot now being distributed by the Chicago, Milwaukee & St. Paul Railway Company. It is a magnificent publication of 96 pages full to overflowing with delicious half tone pictures of one of Creation's most charming places of resort for citizens of the Great Republic. Visitors to Lincoln Park in Chicago

No stranger visiting Chicago should be without a copy of the "Souvenir of Lincola Park." It can only be procured by enclosing twenty-five (25) cents, in coin or postage stamps, to Geo. H. Heafford, general passenger agent, 410 Old Colony Building, Chicago.

Half Rates to Indianapolis and Return.

Via the North-Western Line. Excursion tickets will be sold August 17 and 18, with extended limit to September 12, at one fare for the round trip, on account of Y. P. C. Union. Apply to agents Chicago & North-Western R'y.

There is probably something in love in winter, when people can keep warm by sitting-close together, but there is absolutely nothing in it in summer.—Atchison Globe.

All you guess about difficulty in selling Stark Trees may be wrong. If you wish to know the truth, drop postal to Stark Nursery, Louisiana, Mo., or Rockport, Ill. Name references. Cash pay to salesmen each WEEK the year round. Outfit free—takes no money to 'TRY the work. Also want CLUB MAKERS—get their trees free.

Claude-"Do you think your father would offer me personal violence if I were to ask him for you?" Mabel—"No; but I think he will if you don't pretty soon."—Tit-Bits.

Fits stopped free and permanently cured. No fits after first day's use of Dr. Kline's Great Nerve Restorer. Free \$2 trial hottle treatise. Dr. Kline, 933 Arch st., Phila., Pa.

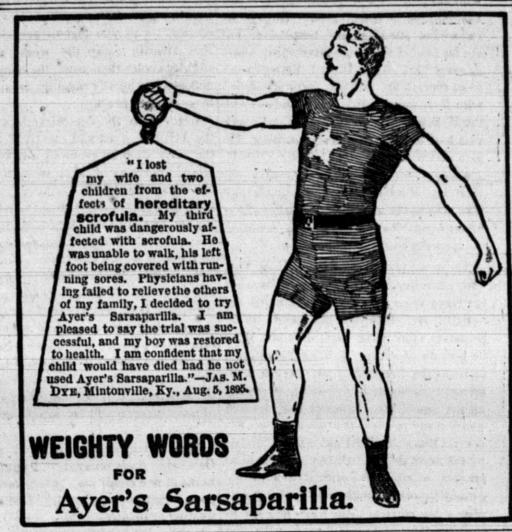
The only worthy end of all learning, of all science, of all life, in fact, is that human beings should love one another better.— George Eliot.

I could not get along without Piso's Cure for Consumption. It always cures.—Mrs. E. C. Moulton, Needham, Mass., Oct. 22, '94.

The worst trouble with a loafer seems to be that he doesn't know what a bore he is. -Washington Democrat.

Hall's Catarrh Cure Is a Constitutional Cure. Price 75c.

There are people who think that if a girl has studied in Europe she can sing.



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We have thousands of testimonials, and are proud of the stories they tell of relief from many forms of misery. But the experience of another person may not be yours with the same preparation.



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and deception brought against John Wed- and Miss Kate McGuire were heard in paderburn & Co., by the United States Pat- thetic and humorous recitations, which ent Office, in the disbarment proceedings were particularly enjoyed by those presdisproved, and ft is the opinion of those was a great success, and the participants who have corefully followed the testimony may well feel proud of their labor. taken that the firm will certainly be disbarred from practice before the Patent Oftice; and it will necessarily follow that their paper, the National Recorder will be shut out the mails.

It surprised a group of Western men when Mr. P. G. Vinton, of Louisana: now paying a visit to Washington, said, "The biggest farm in the world is in the southwestern part of my state. It is own ed and operated by a syndicate of northern capitalists and imbraces 1,500,600 acres of land, devoted to the cultivation of cotton, Miss. and lower Missouri valleys, Gulf corn, sugar and rice. East and west the estate extends 100 miles. The Southern Pacific Raffway runs through it for nearly ranging from three to six degrees per day forty miles. A good deal of attention is paid to raising catfle, of which the syadi cate owns 16,000 head. The syndicate op erates several steamers on the navigable rivers that run through their mammoth farm, and they have also rice mills, a ship- of the upper Mich. peninsula. The week yard, ice plant and a bank."

Representative Graffenreid, of Texas, who has been on a trip through Canada, has returned to Washington. He says the ington where the temperature excess rang-Canadians are kind and hospitable, but are far behind the progressive spirit found the Atlantic coast the week averaged in every part of the United States in al. slightly cooler than usual, the temperature most everything, and that there is mingled deficiency generally ranging from one to with their feelings of jealousy and envy of three degrees per day. the U.S. a sentiment of pride in our greatness that struck him as very amusing He says that while 99 per cent of the Canadi | the week has been generally favorable for ans want commercial reciprosity with the crops. Portions of Mo, western Tenn. who believed in or wanted political union with us, and that there is no doubting their loyalty to the British crown.

The cause for the selection of Hon. The odore Roseyelt for Assistant Secretary of the Navy is becoming every day more apparent. Mr. Rosevelt has been acting Secretary more than half the time since he became Secretary Long's assistant, and as far as the direction of the navy is concerned is considered to be acting Secretary all the time. Mr. Rosevelt has devoted much study to navel matters and he has several times surprised old naval officials by his accurate knowledge of technical matters of which the ordinary lan 'm in is densely ignorant, and he will probably surprise a few more of them when he goes to sea with Rear Admiral Sicard with the fleet, which has been ordered to assemble in Hampton Roads for a series of drills and sea manoeuvers. Secretary Long neither knows nor cares to take the time and trouble to learn these things; he is contented to wear the honors of the mosition and let Rosevelt do the work, and, of course, he has authority to put a brake on Mr. Rosevelt's enthusiasm at any time it may be considered necessary to do so. Mr. by the President, but by Secretary Long himself That makes their relations entirely agreeable to both; they are carrying out an understanding made before Mr. Rosevelt became Assistant Secretary.

Representative Bailey, of Texas who isn't yet thirty-four years old, is so well stocked with ambition that he is in the field as a candidate for Speaker of the House and for the U. S. Senator simultane ously, perhaps the first man who has tried to use two strings to his bow. As a starter Mr. Builey is a candidate for re-election to the House. That as conceded to be easy. Then if a majority of the next House should be democratic he will be a candidate for Speaker; if not, he will be a candidate to succeed Senator Mills, whose term expires in 1899 There is very little doubt that Mr. Mills will be a candidate to succeed himself, and he is a hard fighter. Mr. Bailey knows that the tusk he has set before himself is no pienic.

More than one half of the oil of peppermint, spearment, tansey, wormwood, etc. of the the entire world is produced and distilled ta southwestern Michigan, mostly in St. Soseph, Van Buren, and Allegan counties. There are several hundred distilleries in that tegion.

Social and Musicals.

The lawn social and musicale given by If the United States flag is now flying the ladies of St. Mary's church last evensang, to the great pleasure of the audience, Not a single one of the charges of fraud Messrs John Hindelang and Louis Doll. now going on against that firm, has been pesent. \$50 were realized. The social

Climate and Crop Bulletin-

CHICAGO, Aug. 2, 3897 .- The reports as to the condition of the crops throughout the country and the general effect of the weather upon the growth and cultivation of the crops were made yesterday by the directors of the several climate and crop sections. The reports received at Chicago were as follows:

The week ending 8 a. m., Aug. 9th. was warmer than usual in the Ohio, Central states, upper Lake Region and northern New England, the temperature excess over portions of the upper Lake Region, lower Ohio. central Miss. and lower Missouri valleys and Gulf states being greatest over portions of Louisana, Ark. northeastern Texas and over the eastern portion was also warmer than usual on the north Pacific coast, being decidedly warm over the interior portions of Oregon and Washed from six to nine degrees per day. On

In the states the central valleys and in the Atlantic coast and east Gulf districts U. S. he did not come across a single one Miss. and Ky. have, however, suffered from drought, and the excessive heat dur ing the first of the week proved injurious over portions of the east central Gulf states In the west Gulf states the week has been very unfavorable, being excessively warm and dry. On the Pacific coast the conditions have been very favorable progress in the principal corn states and while recent rains have proved beneficial in Neb. and Kansas, the reports indicate that the crop has been permanently injured in portions of the states. It is estimated that the bulk of the corn crop will be safe from injury by frost by Sept. 15.

Week favorable for work and growth Oats being finely secured. Pastures and beans in fine condition but potatoes are poor. Fall plewing begun. Unfavorable weather at planting makes corn late, but otherwise it is very promising and will be generally safe from frost Sept. 14th.

> E. B. GARRIOTT, Professor, Weather Bureau.

Women do not Breathe Properly.

It is claimed by certain reformers, who it would seem, never find things to their liking, that not one woman in a hundred breathes normally. The respiration of Rosevelt was not chosen for this position the average woman varies with every change of mental state or physical condition, and it is a rare thing for a woman to use her lungs to the best possible advantage without a previous knowledge of physiology and an appreciation of the mer its of physical culture.

Desirable as is a thorough exercise in breathing, it is not quite safe to experiment in the mutter. A yery little instruction on the subject will enable any woman to comprehend the precise art of filling and emptying the lungs on sceintific principals. After this has been sequired the chief thing is to breathe in as much sunshine as possible and to believe in the efficacy of oxygen as a remedy for nearly all the ills that are fashionable.

Weeds are the enemies of crops as they take from the soil the moisture that the craps need. When the weeds get ahead the advantage of not cropping more land than can be cultivated is apparent. The farmer who plows, plants and sows as much land as possible in the spring is the one who is extra bulsy, not only in preparing, planting and cultivating, but also in the effort to prevent the weeds in one field from injuring his crops before he can get at work among them. This is one of the difficulties of all farmers who have target difficulties of all farmers who have large farms. They cannot keep the entire farm clean at the same time, and usually suffer a reduction in yield because they have more work than then they can perform.

Odds and Bird.

Kansas reports a new pest destroying potatoes. It is a hard, wiry, active little worm, about one-half long, with flat brown head, armed with pinchers. It works inside the stem and is doing consid-

The county line between Washtenaw and Monroe counties runs through the residence of Charles Blackmer, of Milan consequently he sleeps in one county and eats in another. He claims a residence and votes in Washtenaw, on the ground that his washing is done in that county. His laundry being on the Washtenaw side of the house.

An exchange remarks that the young man who sits around on the shady side of the building and complains because the "Toks won't buy him a bicycle," might profit by the experience of his brother in ambition who made one for himself, useing therefore the frame of his mind, the wheels of his head, the seat of his pants, the rubber of his neck and other material than hat "tired feeling" for the wheel.

The United States supreme court recent ly handed down an opinion to the effect that pouitry running at large is wild game and that the party upon whom they trespass has a perfect right to kill the fowl. So when your neighbor's old hen comes scratching around your garden sass bed you can get out the blunderbuss without fear and trembling. But be careful not to shoot your neighbor's dog. That is such a useful thing on earth that the law protects him to the bitter end.-Jackson Citizen.

An exchange tells of an old fogey who would not believe he could hear his wife talk through a telephone a distance of five miles. His better half being at one end of the ine, he was marched up to the other and shown how to operate the instrument. He at once shouted, "Hello, Sarah." At that instandt lightening struck the telephone and knocked the old man down. Schamb, ling to his feet, he excitedly cried: "That's Sarah, every inch."

Minn. A young girl happened to see a newly married lady sitting on the lap of a The man was the lady's husband. The girl, in fun, told around that the lady was seen on a man's lap. The story came to a talking to that she was thrown into a ject any and all bids. The date for the same day. The city has taken sides in the matter bitterly.

How many highway overseers in Wash tenaw county have failed to enforce the following law from Howells' Annotated Statutes: "Every overseer shall cause the noxious weeds within the limits of the highways in his district to be cut down day of July and again before the first day of September, and the requisite labor shall be considered highway work. . . . Any overseer who should refuse to perform eral tract or parcels of land constituting these duties required by this section shall the Special Assessment District, of said be liable to a penalty of \$25.

Show us a farmer that keeps his fences up in good shape, and the weeds all cut in and around the yard, and the buildings kept in clean and neat shape, and you will show us a good and successful farmer. Why farmers will tolerate a mud hole to exist along the farmside, or perhaps near the front yard is very hard to conceive, Such places add disgust to the surroundings. Houses, barns, fences and yards should be kept neat and tidy. Farmers should take pride in keeping tidy places. They add to the price of the property as well as to the comfort of all.

A swarm of bees settled under the cornice of the Stockbridge Baptist church and southeast quarter Section 4. Northproceeded at once to make comb and gather honey. What a beautiful example to 9. South 10 acres of southwest quarter of the Christian workers of the church! It southeast quarter Section 4. North 10 acteaches that there should be no "playing res of south half of southwest quarter of off" from attending service on account of hot weather, that the drones of the church be put to some use or killed off; that the paster should not leave his flock to the wolves of satan, while he revels in a bicycle sait on a midsummer junket. It is an example which says work while the day last, Saw wood, hot or cold! Time and eternity wasts for none. Be ye also ready.—Adrian Press.

I'm told that dancing is on the wane at nearly all the summer resorts, and the poor bicycle is blamed for it by the discontented orchestra man. He says that folks able prescription in Electric Bitters, and I who have ridden all day are too tired when can cheerfully recommend it for Constipanight comes to dance, and consequently tion and Sick Headache, and as a general they don't. It's a good thing. Bicycling system tonic it has no equal." Mrs. Annie as an exercise is far ahead of dancing; it's Stehle, 2625 Cottage Grove Ave., Chicago, a good steady inhalation of fine fresh air, was all run down, could not eat nor digest instead of the worst atmosphere of a hot food, had a backache which never left her, ballroom, and for my part I never could and felt tired and weary, but six bottles of see why humanity wished to dance on a Electric Bitters restored her health and sultry summer night. It's all right for renewed her strength. Prices 50 cents of a pocket fire escape. He sent on a ing about the 80's and 90's, Oh my!—Star. Stimson's drug store.

The Evening News

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Notice of Letting.

DRAIN LETTING. NOTICE IS HEBERY GIVEN, That, I, D W. Barry, County Drain Commissioner of the County of Washtenaw, State of Michigan, will, on the 14th day of August, A. D. 1897, at the lower end of drain, in the Township of Sylvan at 10 o'clock in the forenoon of that day, proceed to receive bids for the cleaning out of a certain Drain known and designated as "Looney and Walsh Drain," located and established in the the said Township of Sylvan, and de-

scribed as follows, to-wit:

Commencing on the south half of the north east quarter of Section nine (9), in the said Township of Sylvan on lands owned by Mrs. Sarah Looney and running in northerly direction on the line of said drain to its termination in Mill Lake Drain | Vitality, Impotency, Nightly Emission in the south east quarter of the northeast quarter of Section four (4) of the said Township of Sylvan.

Said job will be let by sections. The section at the outlet of the drain will be let first, and the remaining sections in their order up stream in accordance with the diagram now on file with the other papers pertaining to said drain, in the office of A peculiar death has occurred at Galena the Drain Commissioner, to which reference may be had by all parties interested. and bids will be made and received accordingly. Contracts will be made with the lowest responsible bidder giving adequate security for the performance of the the grs of the husband. He found the work, in a sum then and there to be fixed source of the story ang gave the girl such by me, reserving to myself the right to respell of hysteria, from which she died the pletion of such contract, and the terms of payment therefore, shall be announced a at the time and place of letting.

NOTICE IS FURTHER HEREBY GIVEN. That at the time and place of said letting, or at such other time and place thereafter to which I, the Drain Commissioner aforesaid, may adjourn the same, the ass essments for benefits and the lands com twice in each year, once before the first prised with the "Looney & Walsh Drain Special Assessment District," will be subject to review.

> The following is a description of the sevdrain, viz: West half of northwest quarter Section 10. South half of northeast quarter Section 9. Northeast quarter of southeast quarter Section 9. Northwest quarter of southwest Section 8. Southwest quarter of southwest Section 3 Southeast quarter of southwest quarter Section 8. East half of southeast quarter Section 4. Southwest quarter of northwest quarter Section 8. Northeast quarter of northeast quarter Section 4. North three-quarter of southeast quarter of northeast quarter Section 4. South quarter of southeast quarter of northeast quarter Section 4. Northeast quarter northwest quarter Section 10. North half of southwest quarter east quarter of northeast quarter Section southeast quarter Section 4. Northwest quarter of southeast quarter Section 4.

Also to the Township of Sylvan at large. Dated this 27th day of July, A. D. 1897. D. W. BARRY.

County Drain Commissioner of the County of Washtenaw.

A Valuable Prescription.

Editor Morrison of Worthington (Ind.) Sun, writes: "You have a valuwinter, but with the thermometer waver. and \$1.00. Get a bottle at Glazier & lar and in a few days revelved a New



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Produces the above results in 30 DAYS. powerfully and quickly. Cures when all fail. Young men and old men will recover youthful vigor by using REVIVO. It of and surely restores from effects of self-al excess and indiscretions Lost Manhood Power of either sex. Failing Memory, Wa Diseases, Insomnia, Nervousness, which one for study, business or marriage. It no cures by starting at the seat of disease, b

Great Nerve Tonic and Blood-Buil and restores both vitality and strength muscular and nervous system, bringing the pink glow to pale cheeks and restor fire of youth. It wards off Insenity and sumption. Accept no substitute. Insiste ing REVIVO, no other. It can be carried pocket. By mail, \$1.00 per package, in wrapper, or six for \$5.00, with a positive ten guarantee to cure or refund the me every package. For free circular address ROYAL MEDICINE CO., CHICAGO, For sale at Chelsea, Mich., by

ARMSTRONG & O

For sale, two village lots, located. Inquire at this office.

Chancery Notice.

IN PURSUANCE and by virtue of a deer the Circuit Court for the County of W tenaw, State of Michigan, in chancery, n and entered the 30th day of January, 187, certain cause therein pending, wherein Fra Bceman is complainant and Perry C. De and Archie W. Wilkinson defendants.

Notice is hereby given that I will sell at lic auction, at the east front door of the Ci House, in the City of Ann Arbor, in the County (that being the building in which Circuit Court for said county is held, Wednesday, the 11th day of August, 187, at o'clock in the forenoon of said day, the foling described real estate:

All those certain pieces or parcels of situate and being in the Township of Sylin the County of Washtenaw and State Michigan, and described as follows, to Four acres off from the south-west quarter of the south-west quarter of

east quarter of the south-west quarter of tion twelve. Also the east half of the west quarter of section thirteen, excepting reserving the south thirty-four acres the beretofore sold and conveyed.

O. ELMER BUTTERFIELD.

G. W. TURNBULL,
Solicitor for Complainant. The above foreclosure sale adjourned august 25th, 1897, at 12 o'clock, noon, of

Dated Ann Arbor Mich., August 11, 187. O. ELMER BUTTERFIELD, W. TURNBULL, Solicitor for Complainant.

Subscribe for the Herald, \$1 per year

Excursions.

Camp Meeting, Island Lake, M July 29 to August 31. One and one-th first-class fare for round trip. Dates sale July 27 and each Tuesday, Thurs and Saturday thereafter until Aug. 1897. Limit to return Sept. 4, 1897.

Barnum & Bailey shows, Ann Arb Aug. 17, one first class limited fare round trip, plus 50 cents for admiss ticket.

Markets.

Chelsea, Aug. 12, 1897 Eggs, per dezen Butter, per pound,..... Oars, per bushel..... Corn, per bushel..... Wheat, per bushel..... Potatoes, new, per bushel...... Apples, per bushel...... ... Onions, per bushel......

A man took a city paper because could get more reading matter than in country paper and read an advertisem tament.—Ex.

Beans, per bushel.....